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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 82. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,314

FOR FIVE DOLLARS

THE MORNING STAR

GOES ONE YEAR.

FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER

Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—June 25.

Sun Rises	4 48 A M
Sun Sets	7.20 P M
Day's Length	14 h 37 m
High Water at Southport	4 02 P M
High Water at Wilmington	5.49 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 25.

Meteorological data for yesterday: Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°; 8 p. m., 83°; maximum, 94°; minimum, 75°; mean, 84°. Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 8.41.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. June 24, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

Light storm areas are central over the lower lakes and northern Texas, fair weather areas cover the Gulf States and the Northwest. Showers or thunder storms are prevailing over the middle Atlantic coast, the Ohio valley and lower lakes. Fair weather is reported generally elsewhere. Local rains fell during the day along the Gulf coast. High temperatures continue except over the upper lakes and the Northwest, where it is cooler.

Conditions indicate continued warm weather for this locality, with occasional local thunderstorms.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Local rains or thunderstorms occurred generally over the eastern portion, while fair weather prevailed over the western portion of the cotton belt. High maximum temperatures reported from all districts. Heavy local thunderstorm of 1.73 inches occurred at Raleigh.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Showers; variable winds.

OUTLINES.

Representative Cooke, of Illinois, died suddenly in Washington yesterday morning; his death was announced in the House, and as a mark of respect that body adjourned until Monday. —— The Belgian expedition to the head waters of the Nile, under command of Baron Dhanis, is reported to have been massacred. —— The recent bazaar catastrophe in Paris is now said to have been the work of an Anarchist. ——In the Tobacco Trust trial, New York city, the prosecution closed its testimony and Mr. Fuller made the opening address for the defence, claiming that the consignment agreement was not a violation of the law. —— Peter Maher and Tom Sharkey were matched yesterday to fight to a finish for $5,000 a side, within three months after August 2d. ——An international boundary dispute between Great Britain and the United States is expected to be the outcome of the discovery of gold on Oak Point island, Rainey Lake, Minn. —— The Democratic primaries in Richmond, Va., declared preference for J. Taylor Ellyson for Governor. —— Two unsuccessful attempts to lynch a negro rapist were made at Key West, Fla.; serious trouble was feared by the authorities last night. —— A hail storm at Topeka, Kansas, caused great damage to property; many persons were injured; the hail stones weighed 13 to 16 ounces. —— Troops have been called for to protect a negro murderer from lynching at Crystal Springs, Miss. New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1 closing offered at 1@1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 7 8-16c; flour was steady; wheat—spot dull, No. 1 Northern New York 77⅝c afloat; corn—spot was strong, No. 2 29⅝c at elevator and 30⅛c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.72½@1.75; spirits turpentine steady at 27@27½c.

With the Senate bill to bank on the Lemon Trust has cornered the market and doubled the price of lemons. The new tariff encourages all such squeezes.

A good many people in Charlotte are seeing snakes these days; but they are sure enough snakes. Two big ones have been killed on main thoroughfares recently.

The Indianapolis *Sentinel* is determined that its readers shall know what a trust is. Its latest definition is "an associated hog, fattened on Republican swill." It is about fat enough to kill.

President McKinley is laboring on another arbitration treaty with England. The indications are that Mr. McKinley will have arbitrating enough to do in his own political family before he is much older.

The Uncompahgre Utes are threatening to make trouble. The dispatch editor and proof-read r fondly hope that they may make enough of it to entitle them to extermination.

A Western contemporary asks "What is a Trust?" A Trust? Why a Trust is a combination of benevolently disposed individuals, generally of the male persuasion, who get together to buy or make things and sell 'em to the people cheap.

A Missouri banker says a "great many farmers are bringing in gold nowadays and depositing it." Harvest time is coming on and they are just hurrying up to get their gold hauled in and put out of the way before the busy season comes.

A Chicago paper publishing the item of news that a San Francisco cook mixed some arsenic with his dough, remarks that "the boarders kicked." They objected to the small amount of arsenic he put in. If he had put in enough the wouldn't have kicked at all.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

It is mighty easy for people to get into trouble sometimes. A few months ago a young farmer in Oklahoma wrote something on one of a lot of eggs he shipped to Chicago. That egg fell into the hands of a young woman who answered what he wrote. A correspondence followed, and now they are married.

The funeral of a young woman at Newport News, Va., got along very nicely the other day until one of the members of the choir in the church where the services were being held screamed out, just because the young woman sat up in the coffin and intimated that the services might just as well be postponed.

John N. Keeley, the motor man, of Philadelphia, has discovered a new name for the subtle agency with which he toys. He calls it "cosmic force," and hopes it will have force enough to draw some more money out of the "stockholders."

The Northern man who tried to grow cotton in Louisiana, but found that the grass grew faster than the cotton and therefore concluded that the soil of that State was intended for grass, might not have been so much mistaken after all.

Pennsylvania is wrestling with a deficit of $3,500,000. But Pennsylvania has wrestled with tougher things than that. She can wipe that deficiency out a good deal sooner than she can the political bosses that made it.

New Hampshire isn't worrying much. She is just laying back drawing her contributions from "summer boarders," and contemplating a surplus, of $150,000 in her Treasury That's a good dealth of wealth in New Hampshire.

To save the innocents it has been found necessary in Austria to pass a law prohibiting parents from taking young children into bed with them. For some years the annual average of deaths from smothering has reached 4,000.

The fusing of the Populists and anti-Republicans has begun in Kansas. In weather like this almost anything would fuse.

They are seeing snakes flying in the air at Hartsville, S. C. The presumption is that the "unbroken" packages are circulating.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPEN—Seashore hotel.
STAR—Do you want work.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The excursions continue to come in. One to-day from Rocky Mount and another over the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley railroad.

— Our Raleigh letter states that Mr. D. L. Gore, of this city, has made a contribution of $500 to the Baptist Female University now building at Raleigh.

— Chas. Walker, colored, was before Justice Fowler yesterday, charged with assault and battery. He was adjudged guilty and fined $5 and costs, which he paid.

— The British barque *Cubana*, from Barbadoes, was delayed for several hours yesterday at the quarantine station, but after the usual rigid examination was allowed to sail up.

— Read the ad. of the Seashore Hotel this morning. These warm days you would like to be there. Large numbers of people from all sections are availing themselves of the comforts to be found at this excellent hotel.

— Mr. J. S. McRae, of Maxton, sends the STAR two cotton blooms, one pulled on the 23d on the farm of Messrs. J. W. & G. O'Neill, and the other on yesterday by Mr. Neill Morrison. Maxton is always up to date.

— Deputy Sheriff W. W. Autry, of Cumberland county, left yesterday for Fayetteville with Jas. Pealep, the colored boy wanted in that city for stealing a bicycle. Pealep was captured in this city Monday afternoon.

— According to the decree of the U. S. Circuit Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina, holders of mortgage bonds of the Peregoy-Jenkins Company are notified to produce the same before E. K. Bryan, Esq., Master, at his office to-day.

— Early yesterday morning the residence of Mr. Jeff. Sellers, No. 911 North Sixth street, was entered by a burglar. The intruder effected an entrance through the rear door of the house, and was frightened away by Mrs. Sellers, who was awake at the time.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Gov. Russell arrived in the city last night.

— Mr. C. C. Morse, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. B. Brinkley, of Truman's, arrived in the city last evening.

— Deputy sheriff Jimmie Murray, of Ocean View, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. McKay, of Applewhite, was here yesterday, making business calls.

— B. S. Ellis and son, of Lion, S. C., were among yesterday's hotel registrations.

— Mr. L. Z. Hedgpeth, one of the "live" merchants of Rowland, was here yesterday.

— Mr. N. A. Currie, of Clarkton, was here yesterday calling on wholesale merchants.

— Dr. D. W. Bulluck has been on the sick list, but was able to be out again yesterday.

— President Dred Peacock, of Greensboro Female College, was registered here yesterday.

— Mrs. J. F. Hayes left yesterday for Baltimore, Md., to visit her mother, Mrs. F. G. McGruder.

— Messrs. S. B. Taylor, D. L. Farrior, A. P. Brown and H. L. Hinson were here yesterday, registering from North Carolina.

— Mr. S. H. Lyon, of Red Springs, was among yesterday's hotel registrations. He was also registered at the Oceanic, Carolina Beach.

— Mrs. Burkhead Mann, of Siler City, and one of Chatham county's most accomplished ladies, is here on a visit to the family of Rev. R. A. Willis.

— A telegram received yesterday from Maj. D. O'Connor, was dated from Joliet, Ill. Maj. O'Connor is accompanied by his wife and daughter, Miss Maie.

— Mr. R. H. Jordan, Mr. Geo. M. Robbins, with wife and children, and Miss Annie Paddison, all of Charlotte, were registered here yesterday, returning home from Ocean View.

— Mr. George Campbell, proprietor of the Seashore Hotel, returned yesterday from Charlotte, where he recently completed the sale of a part interest in the Central Hotel, to Mr. B. W. Speery, late of Macon, Ga.

— The friends of Mr. Pal Vaughn will be sorry to learn of an accident which befell him this week near Danville, Va., in stepping from a rapidly moving train. The sudden movement caused a broken leg.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—7 casks spirits turpentine, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—108 casks spirits turpentine, 178 bbls rosin, 83 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—90 casks spirits turpentine, 180 bbls rosin, 6 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—67 casks spirits turpentine, 81 bbls rosin.

Steamer Lisbon—20 casks spirits turpentine, 80 bbls rosin, 2 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Driver—17 casks spirits turpentine, 69 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

Flats—35 casks spirits turpentine, 114 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 275 casks; rosin, 593 bbls; tar, 57 bbls; crude turpentine, 88 bbls.

I. O. O. F.

Wilmington Lodge No. 139, I. O. O. F., met last night and elected officers for the ensuing term as follows:

Noble Grand—R. H. Northrop.
Vice Grand—D. D. Cameron.
Secretary—Jas. M. McGowan.
Treasurer—Benj. J. Jacobs.

The above officers will be installed on next Thursday night by Past Grand J. T. King, District Deputy Grand Master.

Funeral of William Earle LeGwin.

The funeral of William Earle, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. LeGwin, took place yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock from the residence, 812 Chesnut street.

The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Robert Strange, assisted by Rev. W. L. Cunninggim. After the services at the house the little figure was tenderly carried to Bellevue Cemetery and laid to rest.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Sunday School Excursion.

As many as 600 people went down to Carolina Beach yesterday on the excursion given by the Sunday school of Grace Methodist Church. The first boat, which carried the largest crowd, left the wharf at 9.30 a. m. She left at 2 and 5.15 p. m., also, carrying good crowds both times. All returned last evening at 7.30 o'clock, after having spent a most enjoyable day.

— It was right warm in Wilmington yesterday; but think of New Orleans, where the theremometer recorded 99 Tuesday, resulting in fifty prostrations and eight or ten deaths from heat.

BICYCLE RACES

This Afternoon At Ocean View—A Series of Events—The Contestants and the Prizes.

Our wheelmen will be "on the run" this afternoon, which will furnish plenty of excitement for the bike sports.

Upon the arrival of the 5.10 o'clock Seacoast train at Ocean View this afternoon the promised bicycle meet, under the auspices of the Carolina Cycle Club, will be held. There will be three events, contested by Wilmington's fastest cyclists, besides an exhibition tandem race, against time, by Wilmington's two crack riders, "Scorcher" (Frank) Turrentine and R. G. Rankin.

The following is a list of the races, and the entries in each:

One-fourth mile, for Ocean View championship and medal, F. P. Turrentine, R. G. Rankin, M. P. Taylor, Jr., Geo. Phillips, Ed. Heinsberger and Oscar Morris.

One half mile, for Seacoast Railroad championship and medal; same entries as in first race.

Exhibition tandem race, against time, F. P. Turrentine and R. G. Rankin.

One mile, for a handsome prize, same entries as in first race, except Heinsberger.

The prizes to be awarded the winners, are as follows: Cut-glass celery holder, presented by S. A. Schloss & Co.; one pair of fine bicycle shoes, presented by S. & B. Solomon's shoe store; one handsome steel razor, presented by A. F. Prempert; one cylinder seat post, presented by M. P. Taylor & Co.; one techometer, presented by O'Beery & West; one bicycle lamp, presented by T. H. Wright & Co.; one silver pin-tray, presented by P. Heinsberger, Jr.

Judges of Races—J. H. Gore, Jr., R. B. West and T. H. Platt.

Timers—P. H. Heinsberger, Jr. and C. H. O'Beery.

Clerk of the Course—A. F. Prempert.

Starter—Ike Solomon.

The racing committee, to whose energetic efforts the arranging of the meet is due, is as follows, viz: Geo. T. Hewlett, M. P. Taylor, Jr., T. H. Platt, J. H. Gore, Jr., and Jno. C. James.

The two medals, one presented by the Seacoast Railroad Company and the other by the Ocean View Company, are the property of the Carolina 'Cycle Club, and are contested for every year. The winner of either of the medals keeps it until he is defeated; but if he fails to enter the annual race he forfeits all claim to the medal.

The participants in the races this afternoon, especially those under whose management the meet takes place, are well known wheelmen in this section, and therefore rare sport may be looked forward to.

The different prizes are now on exhibition at Mr. Geo. W. Huggins' jewelry store.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Boston, 12; Baltimore, 5.
Brooklyn, 7; Philadelphia, 5.
St. Louis, 7; Pittsburg, 6.
Cleveland, 5; Chicago, 2.
New York-Washington—rain.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Baltimore at Boston.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Pittsburg.
New York at Washington.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Boston	36	13	.734
Baltimore	34	14	.708
Cincinnati	30	17	.638
New York	28	18	.608
Brooklyn	25	24	.510
Cleveland	24	26	.480
Pittsburg	23	25	.479
Philadelphia	24	28	.461
Washington	20	26	.434
Louisville	19	29	.395
Chicago	18	32	.369
St. Louis	11	45	.196

The Boston-Baltimore game yesterday was a "hot number." Nops pitched for the Orioles, and Berger, the Beaneaters' catcher, split his finger in the seventh inning and Ganzel had to finish the game. The crowd was so dense that the outfielders were hampered in their work, but Long and Jennings did some phenomenal fielding. Duffy made five hits out of five times at the bat. If the Orioles can capture both to-day's and to morrow's games from the Beaneaters they will once more lead.

The Pittsburg-St. Louis game lasted eleven innings yesterday, and the Browns scored the winning run through Ely's wild throw to first, followed by two base hits.

The Indians made their first appearance, this season, yesterday in Chicago, and succeeded in scalping the Colts, but the Phillies, who also made their debut in Brooklyn, were not so fortunate.

Cleveland yesterday jumped ahead of both Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

That Additional School Tax.

It is stated that the election to be held in the several counties of the State, in August, on the question of additional school tax will be very expensive. It is said that it will cost the county of Davidson $1,000 to hold the election; and, taking this as a basis, it is calculated that the total cost for the whole State will be $50,000. The State appropriation amounts to $50,000 more (maximum), and if the one thousand or more townships shall vote to tax themselves, in the aggregate $50,000, this will make a grand total of $150,000 additional tax to be paid by the already overburdened tax-payers of North Carolina. It may be doubted if the people are willing to hang this millstone around their necks. This might do in prosperous times; but are not the white tax-payers of counties like New Hanover already contributing as much as they can afford to free education, especially to the education of the colored people?

A LIVELY FOOT RACE

Between Deputy Sheriff Flynn and a Crazy Woman.

In Justice McGowan's tribunal yesterday Lizzie Perkens, colored, was arraigned, charged with being a nuisance to a number of residents in the southern portion of the city. After trial it was developed that the defendant was of unsound mind, and in accordance with the law she was turned over to a commission *de lunatico inquirendo*, consisting of Dr. Frank H. Russell, Justices R. H. Bunting and Jas. M. McGowan. The commission adjudged the woman insane, and ordered her sent to the colored asylum at Goldsboro.

After the trial, Deputy Sheriff Flynn and the prisoner, who did not look in the least energetic, were quietly strolling in the direction of the jail, at which place she will sojourn for a short time before going to Goldsboro. When the corner of Second and Princess streets was reached, the women remarked to Deputy Flynn that she was now out of jail and she believed she'd stay out." With these words the couple suddenly parted company, for the simple reason that the former, regardless of etiquette, took French leave of Deputy Flynn and "hustled" down Second street in a most energetic manner. But Deputy Flynn was likewise inspired to run, and, although the snow wasn't six inches deep, proceeded to illustrate his inspiration. Justice G. W. Bornemann, who at that time was one of the passers-by, also joined in the race. By this time the prisoner had a good two-yards start, but Deputy Flynn managed to overtake her before even a hundred-yard dash had been run. The prisoner was then "hustled" towards jail, which she reached in due time safely.

MAD DOG KILLED.

An Exciting Occurrence on Market Street Yesterday Afternoon.

Hardly anything will scare people so thoroughly as a mad dog, and when a small fice was seized with a fit yesterday afternoon in front of Messrs. S. & B. Solomon's shoe establishment and ran howling through the store there was a general stampede. Salesmen and customers made a wild rush for counters, sofas and everything else that seemed likely to permit safety. Meanwhile the dog escaped, biting and snapping at everything within reach, to the yard at the rear of the store, where he went off into another fit.

A policeman was anxiously sought but vainly, until the City Hall was called up on the telephone, when Officer Knox was dispatched to the scene of action. With two shots from his pistol he, put an end to the dog's sufferings and the spectators' fears.

It was really an exciting occurrence and attracted a large crowd.

The Whitsitt Matter Reopened.

People who attended the meetings of the Southern Baptist Convention in this city in May last, and who witnessed the great demonstration displayed upon the passage of the resolutions reinstating President Whitsitt, of the Theological Seminary, into the esteem and good will of the Baptist hosts, will be surprised to learn that the matter has been opened again. The Kentucky Baptist Association, which has been in session this week at Georgetown, passed resolutions strongly condemning the course of Dr. Whitsitt, and declaring that so long as he continues president of the institution the Southern Baptist Convention shall not present its claims before the association. The Louisville *Dispatch* says that the vote was ordered without debate and was overwhelmingly in favor of the resolution.

Funeral of the Late Mr. A. C. Wessell.

The funeral of the late Mr. A. C. Wessell, who died on Wednesday night, was conducted yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, Rev. K. Boldt, pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, officiating. After a brief service at the family residence, No. 617 Chesnut street, the remains were carried to St. Paul's Lutheran church, where the solemn service was continued.

The interment was made at Oakdale, and the mound was strewn with flowers. Howard Relief Fire Engine Company attended the funeral in a body and their engine hall was draped in mourning.

The pall bearers were: Honorary, Dr. D. W. Bulluck; active, Messrs. John G. Oldenbuttel, Peter Fick, Martin Rathjen, F. E. Hashagen, C. Schulken and M. G. Tienken.

Evangelist Leavitt's Tent Burned.

Information reached here yesterday, through a private letter, that the tent of Evangelist Leavitt, who is holding meetings at Benson, Johnston county, was totally destroyed by an incendiary fire Tuesday night. The news is confirmed by the Dunn *Union* of Wednesday, which further states that the people are greatly incensed over the outrage. It appears that some feeling had been aroused among those who do not fully indorse the scriptural views of Mr. Leavitt, but it was not supposed there was any one so despicably mean as to destroy the shelter under which he held his meetings. As an evidence of the broad sympathy of the people of Benson, it may be stated that in one day they subscribed $112.00 to buy a new tent for the Evangelist.

Postal Telegraph for Maxton.

Maxton *Scottish Chief*: "The Postal Telegraph extension to this point seems to be materializing. On Tuesday, of this week, the poles were being distributed along the road where the line will run, and we trust that in a short time Maxton will be in touch with the outside world by means of another system. There have been many delays in getting this line built, but it looks now like a thing of the near future."

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

WILL EXTEND THE BRANCH FROM MOCKSVILLE TO MOORESVILLE.

Bank Reports Received By the State Treasurer—North Carolina Handbook — A Citizen of Wilmington Gives $500 to the Baptist Female University.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 24.

I learn from an authorized source that the Southern Railway has fully determined to extend the branch from Mocksville to Mooresville, where connection will be had with the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio division, tapping the Southern main line again. The traffic is so great that the Southern was forced to the necessity of building a double track, or completing this. The extension of the Midland from Mocksville was deemed most advisable. The surveyors are now at work, and a report from them is expected soon by the Southern officials. The extension will be about thirty miles, and is through a fairly good country.

The bank reports for the State banks for the past quarter have been received by the State Treasurer. The bank of Weldon gives in the highest stock.

Secretary Ramsey, of the Agricultural Department, says hundreds of requests are being received from persons in the State for copies of the handbook of North Carolina and its resources. This book is for distribution in other States and will be sent on application to persons who contemplate moving elsewhere. Copies can only be given in this State to public and college libraries.

Lieutenant Burrage, of Maine, who wrote to the Governor some weeks ago requesting information relative to a sword which was taken from him when captured by North Carolina troops, near Petersburg, is about to come into possession of his long lost property. Lieutenant Burrage thought that Captain Summers, of Rowan, had taken the sword, but a letter from a friend of that gentleman states that it was taken by an officer named Teague, of Alexander county. Both Teague and Summers claimed the sword, but a committee of arbitration was appointed, who decided in favor of Teague. An effort is being made to locate Teague.

Mr. D. L. Gore, of Wilmington, gives $500 to the Baptist Female University, so Secretary Springfield informs me. Mr. Springfield says that work will not stop on the building until it is completed and furnished. The roof will be put on the building this month.

THIRTY DRINKS IN FORTY MINUTES

And Mr. W. B. Young Died With Convulsions at Winston.

WINSTON, N. C., June 24.—Mr. W. B. Young, of Southerlin, Va., aged about 40 years, died from convulsions, produced by strong drink, in the office of his physician, Dr. Fearrington, at 5.20 o'clock. The deceased came to Winston six weeks ago and was employed by contractors to superintend the construction of a large dam across the Yadkin river. He had been drinking nearly ever since he arrived here. He owns the large Buffalo farm near Sutherlin, and is said to be the proprietor of the Star tobacco warehouse at Danville. He told his physician to-day that he took thirty drinks of whiskey in forty minutes and would die. His only brother, professor of English literature in Richmond College, died two weeks ago. Mr. Young requested that his remains be sent to his cousin, J. R. Chaney, at Sutherlin, and this will be done. When he came here he had $600. About $100 of this is supposed to be in the bank. It will require more than that amount to pay his hotel and other bills about town.

"THE OLD NORTH STATE."

North Carolina Veterans at the Nashville Reunion.

[*Special to Richmond, Va., Dispatch*]

In the midst of the business of the association the North Carolina delegation marched in, singing "The Old North State," a song composed by William Gaston. The association was compelled to suspend all business while the "Tarheels" marched and sang, and General Gordon gave a neat turn to the interruption by saying "North Carolina is entitled to interrupt any convention at any time, for she was not only among the foremost in the late war, but in the first revolution. A year before Jefferson penned his immortal Declaration of Independence, North Carolina adopted the Mecklenburg Declaration. So I propose three cheers for the 'Old North State.'" These were given with a will, and then General Gordon said "And now let North Carolina take her seat and be quiet."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS!

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and elegance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.

je 18 2m J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

Do You Want Work?

Two boys are wanted at the STAR Office to work in Job Office and Bindery. Those who have had some experience in running Job Presses preferred. je 25 3t

The Seashore Hotel

OCEAN VIEW BEACH,

IS OPEN

FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

Fronts on the broad Atlantic and is without a superior. Newly equipped and furnished. Wide verandas encircling it. Excellent bathing facilities. Yachts for fishing and sailing. Write for particulars to

GEO CAMPBELL,
je 25 D&W tf Proprietor.

NOTICE.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED State for the Eastern District of North Carolina, in the Fourth Circuit at Wilmington.

Charles O'Donnell Lee et al.,
against
The Peregoy Jenkins Company and A. G. Ricaud, Receiver of the Peregoy Jenkins Company.

The undersigned, heretofore appointed Master by a decree in the above entitled cause, hereby notifies all holders of the mortgage bonds of the defendant company to produce the same before him at his office in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on or before the 25th day of June, 1897, and make due proof of same as required by said decree. E. K. BRYAN,
my 30 18t Master.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOOP IRON.

200 Bundles Hoop Iron.
20 Barrels Glue.
15 Boxes Lemons.
15 Summer Cheese.
500 Bags Virginia Meal.
115 Boxes Good Luck Powder.
175 Boxes Matches.

W. B. COOPER.

je 23 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Wanted,

5,000 Pounds WOOL.
3,000 Pounds BEESWAX.
2,000 Pounds COW HIDES.

Highest cash prices paid. Quotations furnished on request.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.
my 22 tf

It Touches the Spot

These Hot Days,

Strawberry Acid,

made from fresh ripe fruit, at the fountain of

JAMES D. NUTT,

je 5 tf The Druggist.

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT

SCHEDULE.

Leave for Southport and Carolina Beach at 9.30 a. m. and *3 p. m.
Leave for Beach only at 6.00 a. m. and 5.15 p. m.
Leave Southport at 11.30 and *4.00 p. m.
Leave Beach at 7 00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45 and 6 p. m.
Fare on 5.15 Boat to pier and return 15 cents.
Leave Sunday for Carolina Beach only at 10 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.
Leave Beach at 12.30 and 5 p. m.
*Connects at Pier with Yacht Undine.
je 9 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1st TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 7.15 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 4.00 p. m., 6.15 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., 6.00 p. m.

SATURDAY SPECIAL.

Leave Wilmington at 1.00 p. m., arrive at Ocean View at 1.35 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 1.45 p. m., arrive at Wilmington at 2.15 p. m.
This train stops only at Wrightsville, Hotel and Ocean View. je 20 tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH,"
Raleigh, N. C.
REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.
my 9 tf D&W

Hall & Pearsall

Invite the attention of the trade to their large stock of

Groceries and Provisions

Farmers and Distillers' Supplies.

Samples and quotations cheerfully sent.

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
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FOOD FOR BABIES.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

Mellin's Food,
Malted Milk,
Peptogenic Milk Powd'r
Lactated Food,
Carnrick's Soluble Food
Nestle's Food,
Imperial Granum.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts.
je 20 tf

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The State Trust Company of New York
against
Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company.

WHEREAS, On the 26th day of May, 1897, in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, a decree was made in the above entitled suit by the Honorable Charles B. Simonton, Circuit Judge, foreclosing the mortgages of the Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina Railroad Company and the East Carolina Land and Railway Company, now consolidated into the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company, the defendant therein, said mortgages being mentioned and described in said complainants' bill of complaint; and

WHEREAS, It is therein ordered, adjudged and decreed that all the corporate property now owned or hereafter to be acquired by the said Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company in the State of North Carolina, now operated as one continuous line from the city of Wilmington to Newbern, in said State, and all its estates, right, title, interest and equity of redemption therein; that is to say, all of its railroads now constructed and in operation extending from Wilmington to Newbern in the said State of North Carolina, and yet to be constructed, including extensions, branches, curves and side tracks, and including rights of way, road bed, superstructures, iron, steel, rails, ties, splices, chains, bolts, nuts, spikes, all land and depot grounds, station houses and depots viaducts, water-tanks, bridges, timber, material and property purchased or to be purchased or owned by it, for the construction, equipment or operation of said road, all machine shops, tools, implements and personal property used therein or upon or along said railroad or at its stations; all engines, tenders, machinery and all kinds of rolling stock, whether now owned or hereafter purchased by said railroad company, and all other property of the said company now owned or hereafter to be acquired, and all its rights or privileges therein or appertaining thereto, and all revenues, tolls and incomes of said railroad and property, and all franchises and rights of said railroad company, and all property and rights acquired or hereafter to be acquired by virtue and under authority thereof, be sold under the direction of Alfred M. Waddell, the undersigned Master Commissioner, and the proceeds of said sale applied to the satisfaction of said judgment, interest and costs, except such as is otherwise provided for in said decree; and

WHEREAS, It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that said Master Commissioner shall sell said property for cash, or for cash and bonds, as an entirety; and

WHEREAS, It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that notice of the time, place and terms of said sale be given by said Master Commissioner by advertising the same at least five times a week for four consecutive weeks preceding the day of sale, in one or more newspapers published in the cities of Wilmington and Newbern, in the State of North Carolina, and also in the "Manufacturers' Record," of Baltimore, Maryland, and that the said sale shall be at public auction in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, in front of the County Court House of New Hanover county, at the time and place as said Master Commissioner shall in said notices of said sale appoint; and

WHEREAS, It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that said Master Commissioner shall receive no bid at said sale for a less sum than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and no bid from any person who shall not first deposit with him as a pledge five per cent. of the amount of such bid in cash, or twenty-five thousand dollars in the bonds secured by either of the mortgages described in said complainants' bill of complaint, and in case the said property and premises are sold, the purchaser thereof shall forthwith deposit with said Master Commissioner the sum of five thousand dollars to be deposited in the Registry of this Court, subject to the order of this Court in this cause, and the deposit so received from the said bidder to be applied on the purchase price; the balance of the purchase price may be either paid in cash or the purchaser may satisfy the same in whole or in part by paying over and surrendering bonds secured by the said mortgages of January 12th, 1891, made by the said Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina Railroad Company and the East Carolina Land and Railway Company, and over-due coupons belonging thereto, at such price or value as would be equivalent to the distributive amount that the holders of said bonds would be entitled to receive in case the entire amount was paid in cash. For more particularity both as to the property to be sold and the terms of the sale, reference is made to the decree of foreclosure entered in the above suit.

NOW THEREFORE, Public notice is hereby given that I, Alfred M. Waddell, Master Commissioner, in pursuance of the provisions of said decree, will, on Thursday, the 15th day of July, 1897, at 12 o'clock m., of that day, in the city of Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, in front of the County Court House of New Hanover county, in said city, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, in accordance with the terms and conditions of said decree, the above described railroad of the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company and all the property, lands and premises appertaining thereto, the proceeds to be applied as is by said decree provided and directed.

ALFRED M. WADDELL,
Master Commissioner, United States Circuit Court Eastern District of North Carolina.

Stetson, Tracy, Jennings and Russell, New York; Jno. D. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C., Solicitors for Complainant.

je 16 4w wed thr fri sat sun

Personally Conducted Tour to Providence, Boston and White Mountains via S. A. L. and M. & M. T. Co.

August 11th, 1897, is the date selected for the special excursion to Providence via Seaboard Air Line and Merchants' & Miners' Transportation Co. Steamer Tickets will only be sold on the 11th, and will be limited to 20 days from date, allowing passengers to return on any regular steamer and train within that limit. The following rates and schedule will apply:

		RATE.	SCHEDULE.
Charlotte,	N. C.	19.65	8:23 P. M.
Hamlet,	"	18.10	11:23 P. M.
Lincolnton,	"	20.25	7:10 P. M.
Maxton,	"	18.55	6:13 P. M.
Monroe,	"	19.15	9:40 P. M.
Raleigh,	"	17.50	2:13 A. M.
Rutherfordton,	"	21.25	4:35 P. M.
Sanford,	"	17.50	1.08 A. M.
Shelby,	"	21.20	6:08 P. M.
Wadesboro,	"	18.60	10:31 P. M.
Wilmington,	"	20.30	3.20 P. M.

The steamship "Chatham" will be placed in service on this occasion and the service will be first-class in every respect. Meals and stateroom berth on steamer, going and return, will be furnished holders of these special excursion tickets without extra charge. The capacity of the steamer is of course limited, and application for reservation should be made as early as possible in order to secure the best accommodation. S. A. L. Ticket Agent at Atlanta, Ga., will make reservations and furnish number of rooms occupied. The Passenger Department of the Seaboard Air Line at Portsmouth, Va., has issued an attractive Itinerary of this trip, copies of which will be furnished upon application to any S. A. L. Agent. je 24 tf

STOVES AND RANGES,

OIL STOVES,

Gasolene Stoves.

In fact anything you want for the kitchen.

I am adding the above line to my complete stock of

HARDWARE, TINWARE AND

Agricultural Implements

and will carry a line second to none in quality, at the very lowest prices.

Have secured the services of J. L. Breckenridge with special reference to this line, and can offer you the benefit of his several years experience.

My line includes the Richmond Stove Co.'s entire product.

Can furnish repairs for all kinds of Stoves.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building.

je 24 tf

The University.

47 TEACHERS, [illegible] STUDENTS, (SUMMER School [illegible]), total [illegible]. Board $8 to $10 a month, three Brief Courses, three Full Courses, Law and Medical Schools and School of Pharmacy. Graduate Courses open to Women. Summer School for Teachers. Scholarships and Loans for the Needy.

Address, PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
Chapel Hill, N. C.
je 6 tf

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1897

DEBS' COLONY.

When "Gen." Coxey some time ago organized his army to proceed to Washington to impress on Congress the necessity of certain legislation, he gathered the riff-raff, the tramps of all nationalities, and was at first universally voted a crank. He and his army both became subjects of jest, but when the auxiliary armies began to organize in different sections of the country from points as far distant as New England on one side and California on the other, it assumed a serious aspect, and people ceased laughing at it. It then dawned upon the country how easy it would be to organize an army composed of superior material and officered by more methodical and determined men, men who knew what they wanted and would have the tact and the nerve to approach it by the most direct route. Coxey lacked stamina, lacked resolution, lacked discipline, lacked definiteness of purpose, and quailed when confronted by the representatives of the established authority. Had the Coxey armies been led by a lion instead of a steer or an ass, by a man gifted with the powers of organization and the ability and the courage to lead, they might have caused a great deal of trouble before they melted away. No one can tell how many sympathizers they might have had among our 70,000,000 of people, how many would have considered the cause of that unique army their cause, if there had been a clash between them and the constituted authorities.

A different sort of a man from Coxey is Eugene Debs, the President of the Brotherhood of railway engineers, who led and managed that memorable strike a few years ago, which defied State authorities and finally succumbed only on the forcible intervention of the United States, a strike which for several weeks tied up some of the greatest railway lines in the country and practically put a stop to internal commerce in a large area of the country. Debs is a bold man, a cunning man, an able man, a man with a purpose and a method to pursue it. He has abandoned the hope of accomplishing anything substantial through labor organizations and strikes, and therefore proclaims himself a Socialist and is proceeding to organize what he calls the "Social Democracy," "bound together by secrecy and military in its character.

He calls it a "colony," but it is to be really an army, which will as implicitly obey its leaders as any other army would obey the command of its officers. It is announced that the colony movement will be first put into operation in the State of Washington, one of the large, young States, where there are yet large tracts of land which may be secured. This is to be followed by similar colonies in other States, with branches of the army in all of them. These colonists are to be bound by solemn obligations, and be practically under military rule. The object is to plant enough of these in Washington to eventually gain control of that State, when the Socialistic government will be established; then get control by the same means of others, if possible, and by the branches to exercise as much influence as they can in State and National elections, with a view to gaining power in States and in the National government.

This is a colossal scheme, and it looks like a visionary one. We do not know where the money is coming from to back it, but Debs is a man of resource and he is going about it industriously, zealously and apparently confident of success. To give an idea of what he proposes to do and the way he proposes to do it we clip the following statement as made by himself:

"Recruiting branches will be established at each local branch. The rules governing admission will be strict enough to bar out objectionable characters, and at the same time liberal enough to admit all honest and industrious workingmen. In order to have a source of revenue as early as possible, the very first move will be to establish temporary recruiting stations both in Chicago and elsewhere. This will be done immediately after the present conventions, and some of the plans are being worked out now as rapidly as possible.

"Before the first division of the army is ready to march it will be necessary to select the State to be colonized. This important decision will be left entirely in the hands of a commission to be selected by the present convention. The commission will be empowered to visit the States now being considered and take into consideration the natural resources, the cost of land and the many factors which will enter into the problem. The topography of the country, climatic conditions, waterways, soil conditions and mineral resources must be considered, as well as the existing laws of each commonwealth in their relation to labor and co-operative industries.

"When the destination of our army is determined and a source of revenue established through the work of our organization it will be time to select the men to embark in the pioneer movement. Everything will be done in order and under a perfect system of economic management.

"The army will be under strict military discipline, and be officered by competent men as leaders. The first colony will be founded on a sound basis, in accord with carefully prepared plans. The first division of the army will be selected with special care with a view to the character of the work which will be expected of pioneers in a new settlement."

Who will say with the depressed condition of the industries of the country, the hard tussle of the toiler to live, the general dissatisfaction with the conditions, and the general unrest that pervades the country, how many men might not be gathered in these "colonies" and enrolled in these armies? We have no idea that they will ever become numerous enough to dominate any State, or be a controlling force in our national affairs, but they may become very serious factors, and by combination with other disturbing elements a very dangerous one. The Populists, who were once ridiculed as cranks and all that sort of thing, got control of several States and now hold the balance of power in the United States Senate. The Populist party has no man in it who has the shrewdness, the organizing power, the nerve and the energy of this man Debs, who has planned and is promoting this "Social Democracy."

MINOR MENTION.

Some of the Senators seem to think they have run against a snag in the protest of Japan against the annexation of Hawaii and therefore have concluded to go slow and give that matter very serious consideration. The following are the four points of the protest:

First. If the Japanese in Hawaii are not to have after annexation the same rights to citizenship they have now, then Japan must protest.

Second. If Japan's claims against Hawaii for her course towards the Japanese and for all other wrongs are not to be considered as pending against the United States after annexation, Japan must protest.

Third. If the special customs privileges accorded Japan by Hawaii are to be abrogated by annexation, then Japan must protest.

Fourth. If other special treaty rights given Japan by Hawaii are to be abrogated by annexation, then Japan must protest.

Unless Japan has some ulterior designs upon Hawaii it seems to us that she is unnecessarily exercised over this movement for annexation, for certainly there is nothing in the proposition to very materially affect her. These treaty rights talked about were granted during the existence of the monarchy and may have been tacitly assented to by the Government which succeeded the monarchy, but the probabilities are that if the annexation scheme were carried out due regard would be had to all the equities that Japan may have in the premises. But the protest will serve as an additional argument for those who are opposed to annexation, and will doubtless be used with effect. But the less Japan says about it the better, for if she begins to show her teeth and talk dictatorially it will stir up national pride on this side of the water, and then Hawaii would be as surely taken in as a stone dropped in the sea would go to the bottom. These islands have long been proteges of this country, and whether they are to be taken in or not will depend altogether on expediency, regardless of any protest that Japan may enter.

⁂

It is no surprise to learn that Mark Hanna captured the Ohio Republican State Convention, and secured the passage of a resolution favorable to his election as Senator. For sometime the indications have pointed that way. At the start the Foraker Bushnell combination made a show of resistance, but Hanna laid his heavy hand upon them and they succumbed. This nips Bushnell's Senatorial aspirations, relegates any other Republican aspirant that might be listening to the buzzing of the bee, and makes it a square fight between Hanna and his Democratic opponent, whoever he may be, with the chances in favor of Hanna, because Hanna is the best organizer and the shrewdest and most thoroughly unscrupulous manipulator of men in Ohio. There are several Democratic candidates in the field, which is very much to Hanna's advantage, for the friends of each of these will be pulling for their man, and in all probability will fight the others with more vigor and more effectively than they will Hanna. Possibly if prosperity fail to put in the promised appearance after the new tariff has become a law and the people have to scratch gravel as they have been doing there may be such a disappointment as would cause reaction against the Republican party and give the State to the Democrats in spite of the manipulations of Hanna, but it will take a great disappointment and a large-sized disgust to beat the wily Marcus Aurelius on his own ground.

⁂

Mr. C. C. Shayne, President of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Board of Trade, of New York, has addressed an open letter to Senator Platt, on the subject of purchases abroad by American tourists. He says that during 1896, no less than $50,000,000 worth of wearing apparel was brought into New York by returning tourist. Had duty been paid on this, the Government, he says, "would have received $20,000,000, more than double the amount collected on raw wool, iron and steel, wood and chemicals all combined." There are laws now limiting the amount of apparel one may bring in, but they are so worded that one may bring in a dozen or fifty suits of clothing, a dozen or fifty dresses, a dozen or a hundred pairs of gloves, and other things in proportion, if the tourist considers them necessary for his or her comfort or convenience. The customs officers do not consider it part of their business to decide what may or may not be required for the comfort of the tourist, and therefore pass trunks packed with new apparel. Thus the government loses revenue, American clothiers lose trade, American workmen lose work and $50,000,000 of American gold is sunk in Europe, instead of being put in circulation at home. The fact is the outgoing tourist should be required to stock his or her wardrobe before leaving, or should be required to pay duty on every article bought abroad, save little nick-nacks that might be necessary to purchase.

Just before leaving for England to see that they got through with the jubilee business all right, Mr. Chauncy M. Depew predicted war with that country as bound to come sooner or later, but when he got over there he assured the Britishers that there never will be war between the two countries. Chauncey isn't one of the prophets who proposes to be left no matter how things turn up.

A temporary chaplain who did the praying for the U. S. Senate a few days ago thanked God for "the glorious era of prosperity which was sweeping over the country." The Senators, some of whom seemed to be surprised and others amused, and others confused, have not yet fully satisfied themselves as to whether the Rev. gentleman is a Mark Twain sort of a fellow or a candidate for the lunatic asylum.

TWINKLINGS.

"Your daughter seems perfectly at home on her wheel."

'At home? Oh, no; when she is at home she never smiles like that."—*Chicago Record.*

— Mamma—"See yere, yo' Jefferson! Why foh d don't yo' cut me no wood to cook de fish with?"

Jefferson—"I done 'membered 'bout dat mammy; so I didn't catch no fish."—*Puck.*

—The Fond Mother—"Everybody says he is such a pretty baby! I am sure the poet was right when he said that 'Heaven lies about us in our infancy.'"

The Uncle (unfeelingly)—"But he should have added, 'So does everybody else.'"—*Life.*

—"As a rule," says an exchange, "a man's hair turns gray five years earlier than a woman's." This is probably a mistake. The average man doesn't have time to keep pulling them out—that's all."—*Cleveland Leader.*

—"But you are too young," pleaded the anxious mother. "No girl should marry before her mind is fully formed."

"Oh," said the gladsome maiden of eighteen summers, "my mind has been made up for more than a week."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

—"And now," said the Cornfed Philosopher, "is the time of year when the college graduate gets on the rostrum and utters great thoughts—thoughts, in fact, that have been thought by the greatest thinkers."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

—"Seven dollars for a room and breakfast? Great Scott! that is awfully steep. And awfully high," said the victim.

"Yes," admitted the Summer landlord, "it is so high and steep that I don't see how I can come down."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

—"You have a lovely head for ad. writing, I don't think," said the manager.

"What have I done this time?" asked the ad. man.

"Just look at that catch for Snooze & Sleeper's, will you?" And the unhappy manager pointed to a "display" beginning: "Mattresses Until You Can't Rest!"—*Typographical Journal.*

—"It is surprising how impractical some very learned men are," said Tom Johnson.

Bill Jones—Yes, there's Prof. Lingwist, for example. He spent over half his life in acquiring fluency in nine or ten different languages and then went and married a wife who never gives him a chance to get a word in edgeways.—*Truth*

"Only nervous" is a sure indication that the blood is not pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures nervousness.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— If a man wants to get a fair idea of how business has fallen off since last year, just let him try to get up an excursion to Canton, Ohio.—*Washington Star, Ind.*

—— Tariff makers should remember that it will be impossible for Republican orators in the next campaign to say that "prosperity was blocked by the late Democratic Administration.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

——Speaker Reed will call himself to order to-day and then as usual, adjourn himself until next Thursday. This has been going on so long that even the Republican newspapers are beginning to admit that the performance is a farce which will do their party no good and that some action should be taken to compel the house to at least pass the bankruptcy bill, which is demanded by the whole country.—*New Orleans States, Dem.*

—— Many things contribute to make the Victorian Jubilee remarkable besides the long reign of the Queen. There never before was such an extended empire as the British Empire; nor such a gathering together of subject peoples of various races; nor such a populous city as London is to day. There may never be in the tide of time such another pageant, nor such occasion for it.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

Something to Depend On.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar-bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Clinton *Democrat:* Mr. Marshall Sewell, a highly respected citizen and well to do farmer of Willis Creek, Bladen county, died last week. —— Mrs. Sallie J. Crumpler, relict of the late J. Haywood Crumpler, died on the 12th inst., in Honeycutt township, after a lingering illness. She was aged about 73 years.

— Kinston *Free Press*: A horrible crime was perpetrated in Greene county last Saturday night. Joe Black, a negro from Cumberland county, broke into the house of Mrs. Fedora Carraway, a very old lady near Snow Hill, and assaulted Miss Stepp, a maiden lady aged about 45 years. Miss Stepp fought desperately, but was overpowered and choked into insensibility by the brute. The infernal scoundrel was tracked and captured Sunday morning. There was great excitement, and the people would surely have lynched him if he had not been taken Sunday night to another county for safe keeping.

— Newbern *Journal*: Like a rat in a hole, Allen Miller, a colored man, aged about fifty years, suffered a most horrible death Tuesday night. He was employed upon the pile driver owned by Major Dennison and slept in the cabin of the flat. Yesterday morning persons about the cotton gin, at the market dock, noticed that during the night the flat had gone down. It being known that Miller slept aboard the boat inquiry was made to learn of his whereabouts. He was nowhere to be found alive and a force of hands were at once engaged to raise the flat. When the boat came to the surface a man with a boat hook dragged Miller from the cabin.

Goldsboro *Headlight*: The death of Mrs. Nancy Maria Bass occurred Saturday at her home near this city, in the 70th year of her age, after a lingering illness. —— The untimely demise of Mrs. Charles F. Herring occurred at their home on William street Thursday morning at nine o'clock, after an illness of nineteen days with typhoid fever, aged 38 years. —— After a lingering illness of consumption, Dr. Claude M. Benton, formerly of Newton Grove, departed this life Sunday morning at his home in Newbern, in the 30th year of his age. Deceased was a native of Bentonsville, Johnston county. —— A destructive wind and hail storm visited the Nahunta section Friday evening. The tobacco pack house of Mr. J. J. Aycock was blown down, besides outhouses and fences were leveled to the ground. The damage by hail to the growing crops was enormous, and in every instance the ground had to be plowed up and replanted. —— A negro was brought here by the sheriff of Greene county early Monday morning and placed in jail for safe keeping, in order to avoid a neck tie party at Snow Hill. The negro is charged with burglary and assault upon two respectable white women of Greene county on Friday night, and indignation was running so high there that Sheriff Dixon took the timely precaution of bringing the culprit here until court convenes at Snow Hill.

Babies and Nature.

Mothers are learning in the new researches which the science of paidology, or child study, has developed the meaning of much that they have hitherto accepted without thought or scarcely observation. For example, the pounding that babies like to indulge in if a rattle or toy is put in their hands has been thought to be prompted by their fondness for noise. But savants tell us now that young babies have a very imperfectly developed sense of sound. They do not hear at all readily until they are several months old, and then the faculty increases very gradually in its perception. This is undoubtedly a wise provision of nature, as the noises of the world, all unknown as they are, would frighten the little creatures if heard in their full intensity. They enjoy and practice the pounding because they like the muscular exercise. They are all movement and push, with constant desire to thrash about in the first year or two of their existence. A lecturer on the subject says that it is a tendency of babies to grow broad, but nature in giving them this craving for exercise provides a counteracting influence to rotundity. Sensible mothers will appreciate this fact and see that their babies are allowed to kick and use their arms as freely as possible, being careful that at no time their clothing restricts them uncomfortably.—New York Post.

Making Up the Sickbed.

To a nervous patient the wrinkles which come in the bedding may occasion real suffering, and the lower sheet should be drawn tightly to the under edges of the mattress and securely pinned. Another annoyance is the frequent necessary change of bed linen, during which one in a weak condition is apt to take cold. This may be avoided if the nurse will arrange a part of the bed at a time. The soiled lower sheet must first be unpinned from the vacant side and be pushed as far toward the center of the couch as possible. A clean and thoroughly heated one replaces it, being fastened to the lower edge of the mattress and smoothed also toward the center of the bed, where its extra width lies in folds. The unused pillow now receives its fresh, warm covering, and the patient may be gently moved to the place prepared for his reception, while from the now vacant part the soiled sheet may easily be drawn and the new one stretched and fastened. During the operation the warm upper covering has remained undisturbed, being simply loosened at the foot, and now from beneath this the upper sheet may be drawn and be replaced by another (heated, of course) without once removing the blankets.—Harper's Bazar.

To Smock a Child's Frock.

To smock a child's frock it is essential to first well mark the material. Place the wrong side uppermost, with selvage running up and down toward you, and, with a cardboard inch measure placed along the width of the material at a proper distance from the top edge mark off half inch spaces with an ordinary lead pencil or colored one, according to the color of the ground. These dots indicate the width of the gathering stitches. Now for the distance between each row of gatherings allow three-eighths or quarter of an inch spaces along the length, quite close to the selvages. Be careful to have the marks across the material in a line below each other, then draw lines from the top to the lower part and others across the material from the three-eighths of an inch spaces, or crease the material from side to side. These marks are much simplified after a little practice. Beginners should first experiment on fine Java canvas as a soft material easily drawn up and threads counted for the spacings.

Girls, Learn to Keep House.

The girl who takes as much pride in learning to dust a room properly as she does in learning to draw, who broils a steak with the same nicety she embroiders a rosebud, who makes coffee as carefully as she crochets, is the girl who will make the economical, cheery wife, loving mother and delightful companion. It is not a crime to know how to keep house. Every girl expects to have a home of her own some day, yet the girl and her mother each act as though there was no such thing as a servantless home, and victuals grew on bushes, ready for the picking. When girls learn how scandalously divorces have increased in the last six years, perhaps they will heed the lesson these unhappy homes teach and study human nature and home relations a little more.—Detroit Tribune.

GOLDEN RULE OF TRAVEL.

A Mother's Advice to Her Daughter About Sightseeing In Europe.

Two women stood on the deck of a great ocean liner and were plainly absorbed in the emotions of a first parting. One of them was gray haired and high bred, and the girl who stood by her was her daughter beyond a doubt. There seemed no difference between them beyond the 25 years that separated them in age. Both were crying quietly. The girl held a bunch of flowers in one hand. From a distance a party of their friends watched them for a moment and then, turning away, pointedly ignored the scene which it seemed a violation of confidence to interrupt. The mother, talking in a low tone, had been chiefly occupied in giving the girl advice as to her conduct on the trip and her duties to the friends who were to chaperon her. It was a first parting between mother and daughter. The girl had to observe a great many rules, which would never have troubled one not of the rich and prominent.

The mother had tenderly gone through a list of suggestions, and the girl had listened to them with her arm about her mother's neck. The first bell sounded and warned the mother that little time was left.

"And, dearest Celia," she said as the girl drew closer to her, "the most important thing of all I have not told you yet. You are going to Europe for the first time, and you won't have me near you. There are lots of things that a girl has to think about, and I don't want you to forget this one. It shows more plainly than anything else I know of the real traveler's spirit. To possess it shows that you have not traveled in vain, but have learned something of the broad views that travel brings. You must never fail to find out in each place what has been seen by the people you may happen to meet—only the sort of people you would meet at home, my dear, remember that. If they have omitted something that you have seen, don't fail to say that really the town is scarcely worth visiting unless one sees that particular object. You should say it, dearest, with some show of regret, such as, 'Now, that's too bad,' or, 'I'm really sorry that you didn't happen to see it.' But don't fail to be decided about it. If they've been to Paris and omitted the catacombs, say that of all the things in Paris the catacombs are quite the most interesting. If they've been in Nuremberg and missed the rose garden, tell them that there is nothing else in Nuremberg half so interesting. When they have missed the green vaults in Dresden, assure them that of all the city offers nothing else is half so beautiful. You can easily learn from these few examples just how to act about every place. But, my dear, remember this, say it to them as quickly as you possibly can. Otherwise they'll say it to you, and, my child, I couldn't stand that, with you far away from me in Europe. You'll remember now, darling, what I've told you? Goodby."

For a moment the mother and child were wrapped in a close embrace; then the gong sent the visitors hurrying down the gangplank. The ship moved slowly out into the middle of the stream, and as it turned to go down the bay the parties on the pier walked toward the street.

"To think of Celia going away like that," said the weeping mother to her husband. "I don't see how we ever could have consented to it. But I gave her all the good advice she needed. Besides, Celia is a sensible girl, and I think she'll do what I told her."—New York Sun.

Another Office.

An apt and witty retort was that made to the colonel of a regiment on one occasion by an old Quaker aunt, to whom he was complaining.

He was an unpopular officer, filled with a sense of his own importance and most overbearing in his manner to his inferior officers, who disliked him heartily in return and in consequence shirked their duties whenever opportunity offered.

"I have a most unsatisfactory set of men under me," complained the young man, standing before the little old Quaker lady in a pompous attitude. "I am practically forced to do all the work which should be done by them a great part of the time. I am my own major, my own lieutenant, my own ensign, my own sergeant."

He stopped and frowned down upon his listener.

"And thee is thine own trumpeter also, William, I fear," said the old lady, with a twinkle in her eye.—Youth's Companion.

A Friendly Art Criticism.

A neat little correspondence took place between David Roberts, the artist, and a friendly art critic with whom he had been in the habit of hobnobbing. Roberts had painted a number of pictures into which he put all his genius, and upon placing them on exhibition, much to his surprise and mortification, his friend, the critic, severely attacked them. In due time, however, a note arrived:

MY DEAR ROBERTS—You have doubtless read my remarks upon your pictures. I hope they will make no difference in our friendship. Yours, etc. ——

This had a tendency to slightly increase the painter's wrath, and he couched the following:

MY DEAR ——: The next time I meet you I shall pull your nose. I hope it will make no difference in our friendship. Yours,
D. ROBERTS.

It is not recorded whether they met afterward, but it is safe to say those erstwhile friends hobnobbed no more.—Strand Magazine.

Slandered Him.

"So many people tell me that you are fast, Lionel," she declared in dulcet tones, "but I know better."

"How good of you!"

"It's only the truth, Lionel, for you are positively slow. It's two years since you began devoting yourself to me, and yet you have not reached a definite proposal."—Detroit Free Press.

Old People.

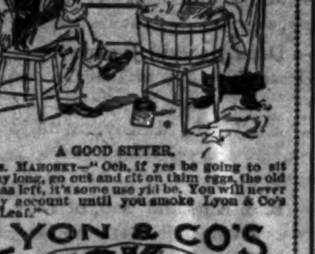
Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and $1 00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly.
Best after dinner pills.
25 cents. All druggists.
Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.



A GOOD SITTER.

MRS. MAHONEY—"Och, if yes be going to sit all day long, go out and sit on thim eggs, the old hen has left, it's some use yid be. You will never be any account until you smoke Lyon & Co's Pick Leaf."

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF
EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.
A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.
LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

June 27, second Sunday after Trinity, M P, S David's, Scuppernong.

June 29, Tuesday, S Peter's day, M P, S James', Haslin.

June 30, Wednesday, M P, S Augustine's, Pantego.

July 1st, Thursday, M P, Yeatesville.

July 1st, Thursday, E P, S Thomas', Bath.

July 2, Friday, Communion, Bath.

July 4, third Sunday after Trinity, M P, S John's, Durham's Creek.

July 6, Tuesday, E P, Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

July 7, Wednesday, Communion, Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

July 8, Thursday, M P, S John's, Makelyville.

July 9, Friday, E P, Sladesville.

July 11, fourth Sunday after Trinity, M P, S George's, Hyde county.

July 12, Monday, E P, Fairfield.

July 13, Tuesday, E P, Swan Quarter

July 18, fifth Sunday after Trinity, M P, S Paul's, Beaufort.

July 18, fifth Sunday after Trinity, E P, S Clement's, Beaufort.

Com.—Communion.
E P—Evening prayer.
M P—Morning prayer.

Holy communion at all morning services.

The children catechized when practicable.

The Vestries will please be prepared to meet the Bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

— Charlotte *News*: A telephone message to the *News* this afternoon from Concord states that Whit Barrier, a convict, was seriously wounded this morning while trying to make his escape. One of the guards by the name of Woods did the shooting.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	1⅛
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5¼	@	5½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4¾	@	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	22	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	15
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	43	@	45
Virginia Meal	43	@	45
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	12½
Dairy, Cream	12	@	13
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8½	@	18
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 50	@	4 00
Choice		@	4 50
Straight	4 60	@	4 75
First Patent	5 25	@	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	43	@	45
Car load, in bags—White	41	@	43
Oats, from store	30	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	43½	@	45
Cow Peas		@	1 00
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	5¾
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	[illegible]
" " in bbls		@	[illegible]
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	[illegible]
" in bbls		@	[illegible]
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	15	@	[illegible]
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	1 50	@	1 60
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 50
Rump		@	9 00
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American		@	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granulated		@	[illegible]
Standard A		@	4 13-16
White Ex. C		@	4 11-16
Extra C, Golden		@	4 1-16
C. Yellow		@	4½
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	[illegible]
Mill, Prime		@	[illegible]
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	6 00
Inferior to Ordinary		@	[illegible]
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x20 Heart	4 00	@	4 50
" Sap		@	[illegible]
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 50

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 24½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 24¼ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 25 per bbl for Strained and $1 30 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm $1.30 per barrel for Hard, 1 80 for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 23½ 23¾c; rosin firm, $1.32½, $1 37½; tar quiet, $1.15; crude turpentine steady, $1 30, 1.70, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	275
Rosin	593
Tar	57
Crude Turpentine	38

Receipts same day last year—320 casks spirits turpentine, 526 bbls rosin, 121 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7⅝c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¼	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6⅝	" "
Low Middling	7¼	" "
Middling	7⅝	" "
Good Middling	7 15-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—0 bale; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 80c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 42½@45 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $3.25 to 3.35; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 24—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1@1¼ per cent., last loan at 1 and closed offered at 1@1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills 487¼@487½ for demand; 486¼@486½ for sixty days. Posted rates 487@487½ and 488@488½. Commercial bills 485½. Silver certificates 60½@60⅝. Government bonds were quoted strong; fives, registered, 114¼; fives, coupon, 114¼; fours, registered, 111⅝; fours, coupon, 113; twos, registered, 96½. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 128; North Carolina fours 104. Railroad bonds were strong.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Rosin steady: strained common to good $1 72½@1 75. Spirits turpentine steady at 27@27½c.

SAVANNAH, June 24.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 25c, sales of 125 casks; receipts 1,771 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales —— barrels; receipts 4,791 barrels.

CHARLESTON, June 24.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24½ sales — bales. Rosin firm; sales — barrels: B, C, D $1 25; E F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 65, M $1 70, N $1 85, W G $2 00, W W $2 35.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 2 to 5 points, with a further rise of 1 to 6 points. The advance was caused by shorts covering, but the demand was soon satisfied and prices fell off. By noon the market had returned to about yesterday's closing figures. In the afternoon prices ruled quiet and the market was featureless. The close was steady, 1 point higher to 1 point lower. Sales 59,900 bales.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅞c.

Cotton futures market closed steady: sales 59 900 bales; Jan'y 6 85, Feb'y 6 88, March 6 92, May —, June 7 28, July 7 28, August 7 28, September 7 03, October 6 83, November 6 79, December 6 81.

Spot cotton closed quiet and steady; middling uplands 7⅞c; middling gulf 8c; sales 731 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross —— bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 100 bales; forwarded —— bales; sales 731 bales; sales to spinners 176 bales; stock (actual) 107,894 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 476 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 230 bales; stock 210,923 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 5,832 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,893 bales; to France 435 bales; to the Continent 9,477 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6 590,108 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,980,046 bales; exports to France 692 597 bales; exports to the Continent 2,098 864 bales; to the Channel 5,481 bales.

June 24.—Galveston, firm at 7 9 16, net receipts 72 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7⅝, net receipts 8 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7⅞, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 7 13-16, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, steady at 7⅝, net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8, net receipts 60 bales; Savannah, steady at 7⅜, net receipts 49 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7 9 16, net receipts 287 bales; Mobile, nominal at 7⅜, net receipts — bales; Memphis, firm at 7⅝, net receipts 56 bales; Augusta, steady at 7¾, net receipts 21 bales; Charleston, quiet at 7⅜, net receipts — bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 24—Evening—Flour was steady; winter patents $4 40@4 70; winter straights $3 95@4 10. Wheat—spot dull; No. 1 Northern New York 77⅝c afloat, No 1 Northern Duluth 78⅛c afloat; options opened firmer on better Liverpool cables and held very steady all day with a sharp advance on near months owing to a squeeze of shorts, helped by the strength in corn and reported damage to the Russian rye crop; closed ½@1½c net higher later, on near months; No. 2 red June closed at 78⅝c; July 74½@75¼, closed 75⅛c; September 69⅞@70 5 16c, closed 70⅛c; December 71⅛@71⅜, closed 71⅜c. Corn—spot strong; No. 2 29½c at elevator and 30½c afloat; options opened steady and advanced actively on covering, prompted by unfavorable crop news, closing ⅛@⅜c net higher; June closed at 29⅜c; July 29½@29⅞c, closed 29⅞c; September 30⅝@31⅛c, closed 31⅛c. Oats—spot firm; No. 2 22½c; options more active and steadier with corn, closing ⅛c net higher; July 22@22½c, closed 22⅜c. Pork dull; mess $8 25@8 75. Lard steady; Western steam closed at $4 10, nominal; July $4 15, nominal; refined firmer; Continent $4 40; South American $5 00; compound $3 87½@4 12½. Butter was quiet; Western creamery 11@15c; do. factory 7½@10½c; Elgins 15c; imitation creamery 9½@12½c; State dairy 10@14c; do. creamery 11@15c. Cheese was dull; large skims 2½@3c. Eggs quiet; State and Pennsylvania 11½@12c; Western fresh 10@12c. Cotton seed oil steadier; prime crude mills 15@17½c. Molasses quiet. Rice steady. Petroleum dull; refined New York $6 10; Philadelphia and Baltimore $6 05; do. in bulk $3 60. Tallow quiet; city ($2 00 per package) 3 1-16@3⅛; country (packages free) 3 3 16@4⅛c, as to quality. Cabbages per crate or barrel $1 00@1 12½. Tomatoes per carrier $1 00@1 75. Potatoes quiet. Coffee—Spot Rio quiet; Cordova 11@17½; sales of 1,000 bags No. 7 Rio on spot at 7⅛c. Sugar—raw firm; refined steady.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Fear of a July "corner" hung like a storm cloud over the wheat market to-day and drove the shorts to cover. The results of the day's trading was an advance of 1@1½c in the July option. Corn and oats were strong, gaining about ⅛c, and a ¼c. Provisions were rather easy, closing 2½c higher to 5c. lower.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat, No. 2 spring 70⅜@71c; No. 3 spring 63@71c; No. 2 red 76½@80¼c. Corn—No. 2, 25@25⅛c. Oats—No 2 18¼; No 2 white free on board 22@23c; No. 3 white free on board 20½@22½c. Mess pork per barrel $7 50@7 55. Lard, per 100 lbs $3 87. Short rib sides, loose, $4 30@4 60. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 87½@5 00. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 62½@4 75. Whiskey $1 19.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—July 70½@70⅜, 70⅛, 69⅞, 70⅜@71⅛; September 64⅛@64⅜, 64¼@64⅜, 64, 64⅛@64⅜c; December 66½, 66⅛, 66, 66⅜c. Corn—June 24⅜, 24⅝, 24⅜, 24⅝@24⅝c. July 25⅛, 24⅞, 25@25⅛c; September 25⅞, 26⅜, 25⅞@25⅞, 26c. Oats—No. 2 July 17⅞, 18⅛, 17⅞, 18⅛; September 17⅝, 18, 17⅞, 18. Mess pork—July $7 62½, 7 62½, 7 52½, 7 52; September $7 70, 7 72½, 7 57½, 7 60. Lard—July $3 95, 3 97½, 3 90, 3 90; September $4 07½, 4 10, 4 00, 4 00. Short ribs—July $4 47½, 4 47½, 4 40, 4 42½; September $4 52½, 4 57½, 4 47½, 4 50.

BALTIMORE, June 24.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat unsettled and dull; spot and month 73½c bid; July 70½@70½c; August 68⅝@68⅞c; September 68⅛@68⅜c; Southern wheat by sample, 73c. Corn firmer; spot, month and July 28½@29c; August 29⅛@29⅜c; September 29⅞@30c; steamer mixed 27⅞@27⅝c; Southern white 31½@32c; do yellow 33@33½c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 25½@26c; No 2 mixed 23@23½c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, June 24—4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, good business done and prices lower. American middling fair 4 17 32d; good middling 4⅛d; American middling 4⅛d; low middling 3 15 16d; good ordinary 3 13-16d; ordinary 3⅝d. The sales of the day were 15,000 bales, of which 1,500 were for speculation and export, and including 14,200 American. Receipts 6,000 bales, of which 3 200 were American. Futures opened quiet but steady with a moderate demand, and closed steady at the advance. American middling (l m c): June 4 4 64@4 5-64d seller; June and July 4 4 64d buyer; July and August 4 3-64@4 4 64d buyer; August and September 4@4 1 64d seller; September and October 3 57-64@3 58 64d buyer; October and November 3 51 64@3 52 64d buyer; November and December 3 49-64@3 50 64d buyer; December and January 3 48 64d buyer; January and February 3 48-64d buyer; February and March 3 48 64@3 49 64d buyer; March and April 3 49 64@3 50 64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Br barque Cubana, 473 tons, Dobson, Barbadoes, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

CLEARED.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 25, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

John I Snow, 186 tons, Norton, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Jas Boyce, 693 tons, Tilton, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Maria Sanders, 265 tons, Steelman, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Rebecca R Douglass, 399 tons, Perry, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Mary J Russell, 354 tons, Smith, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Senator Sullivan, 654 tons, Crockett, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Cubana (Br), 473 tons, Dobson, Paterson, Downing & Co.
La Mariuccia (Ital), 582 tons, Imba, Jas T Riley & Co.
Blenheim (Swed), 574 tons, Olsson, Paterson, Downing & Co.
Daphne, 505 tons, Madsen, Jas T Riley & Co.

GREENSBORO

FEMALE COLLEGE,

NORTH CAROLINA.

The Fifty-Second Session of this College Begins

Wednesday, Sept. 8th, 1897.

Advantages of College and Conservatory offered at moderate cost.

A Faculty of Specialists!

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A PLEASANT HOME.

Catalogue on application.

DRED PEACOCK, President.

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At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and

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Gail Borden
Eagle Brand
CONDENSED MILK
HAS NO EQUAL.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
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Music In the Home.

"We do not have enough music in the home," writes Mary C. Stetson in The Woman's Home Companion. "Children who sing at their work will hardly quarrel, and parents who sing will find the burden of their task grow lighter. There is rest and recreation in music. Once a frail minister who thought the progressive wheels of the world's work would stop if he took a vacation slept and dreamed a dream. He dreamed that he died and appeared before the Lord. The Lord seemed surprised to see him and asked: 'What did you come so soon for? Why did you not take needed rest and recreation, and so prolong your life?' The minister waked and went to Europe, recovered his health, is alive today and is known for inspiring words all over America.

"I wish that every mother could dream this dream. The world may spare her, but her home cannot. There are no children but need a mother's care and love. They are more responsive and obedient to a tie of blood than to a tie created by law. Does she inquire, then, how she can economize her forces that they may last; how she can burn less fuel, that her little fire of life may burn brightly and long? My answer is, let women try to give to things their true importance. It will make no difference in a week's or a year's time how windows and woodwork look today, but it will make a difference whether the children are perfectly nourished physically and trained mentally.

"Learn to do the most important things first, and if your strength ebbs learn to let the minor things wait; sing inspiring songs. Try to get something out of life for all you put into it. Enjoy something today, for tomorrow may not be yours. People ought to get more than an existence with such help as song and sunshine, laughter and friendship.

"This generation is greatly indebted to both secular and religious schools for developing the talent for music in our young people. Bayard Taylor wrote, 'The gift of song was chiefly lent to give consoling music for the joys we lack.' There is no other talent which can contribute so much happiness to a home.

"The charm of music is great. It hushes the infant to rest. At the family altar it lifts the soul in worship to God and heaven. In the home it fosters the home spirit and strengthens family ties. Encourage the children to sing. It matters not whether there is much music in their voices or not; there is music in their souls from which the effort springs, and that is enough. If the gift of song is a divine gift, the disposition to sing is a holy influence for the salvation of that being to whom it comes, 'for the lifting of him out of the mire and up on the rock.'"

Numbering Bank Notes.

All United States bank notes are printed in sheets of four of one denomination on each sheet and are numbered and lettered twice. All notes of which the number when divided by four shows a remainder of one have a letter A upon them; the remainder of two, the letter B; of three, the letter C, and those which have no remainder the letter D.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Infant Prodigies.

Tom's Wife—My baby's only a year old, and it can say "a, b, c."

Jack's Wife—Why, my baby has got much farther on in the alphabet than that. It can say "o!"—Philadelphia Press.

Every Wife

feels an indescribable dread of the danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy, but the suffering and danger of the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery.

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POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THE LITTLE WHITE WAGON.

The little white wagon was passing by.
Can it be but an hour—an hour ago
Since Edith's prattle hurt me so
When it caught her wondering baby eye?
"Pitty w'ite wadon! Oh, see!" she said.
"Yook! Ponies too! Oh, how I wis'
I tould det up an wide on a wadon lite 'is!"
And my heart stopped, so, as I though of her, dead!

The little white wagon was passing by,
A sight that is common enough, you say.
No! No! No! No! Not till today
Had I known how it looks to a mother's eye,
With its white, false face to her black grief wed,
Crushing her heart with its juggernaut wheels.
Not till today had I thought how it feels
To be stabbed by the hush where a babe lies dead.

The little white wagon was passing by,
My God! Can it be but an hour ago?
How would the age long seconds flow
Into minutes unending were she to die?
So I clasp and love her as never before.
One thought, one hope, is my frighted cry—
That the little white wagons may still go by
And never stop at my darkened door.

—J. L. Heaton in "The Quilting Bee."

MY CABIN BOY.

When I was about 40 years of age, I took command of the ship Petersham. We were bound to Liverpool, and nothing unusual happened until the eighth day out, when we ran foul of a small iceberg.

My cabin boy was named Jack Withers. He was 14 years of age, and this was his first voyage.

I fancied that he was the most stubborn piece of humanity I had ever come across. I made up my mind that he had never been properly governed and had resolved to break him in. I told him I'd curb his temper before I'd done with him. In reply he told me I might kill him if I liked.

One day, when it was very near noon, I spoke to him, telling him to bring up my quadrant. He was looking over the quarter rail, and I knew he did not hear me. But the next time I spoke I spoke sharply and intimated that if he didn't move I would help him.

"I didn't hear you," he said in an independent tone.

"No words," said I.

"I suppose I can speak," he retorted, moving slowly toward the companionway.

His looks, words and the slow, careless manner in which he moved fired me in a moment. I grasped him by the collar.

"Speak to me again like that and I'll flog you within an ace of your life," said I.

"You can flog away," he answered as firm as a rock.

And I did flog him. I caught up the end of a rope and beat him till my arm fairly ached. But he never winced.

"How's that?" said I.

"There's a little more life in me yet. You'd better flog it out," was the reply.

And I beat him again. I beat him till he sank from my hand to the floor.

I sent one of the men for my quadrant, but when it came and I had adjusted it for observation I found that the sun had already passed the meridian and that I was too late.

This added fuel to the fire of my madness, and seizing the lad by the collar I led him to the main hatchway and had the hatch taken off. I thrust him down and swore I would keep him there till his stubbornness was broken.

About 9 o'clock I went to the hatchway and called to him. But he returned no answer. So I closed the hatch and went away. An hour afterward I went again; still no answer.

I did not trouble him again until next morning. After breakfast I went to the hatchway and called to him once more. I heard nothing from him, nor could I see him. Yet the men told me they had heard him that very morning. He seemed to be calling on them for help. But he would not answer me. I meant to break him into it.

"He'll beg before he'll starve," I thought, and so determined to let him stay there.

The day passed away, and when evening came I began to be startled. He had been in the hold 36 hours, and 40 hours without food or drink. He must be too weak to cry out now.

So at length I made up my mind to go and see him. A little way forward I saw a space where Jack might easily have gone down, and to this point I crawled on my hands and knees. I called out there, but could get no answer. A short distance farther was a wide space, which I had entirely forgotten, but which I now remember had been left open on account of a break in the flooring of the hold, which would let anything that might have been stored there rest directly on the thin planking of the ship.

I heard the splashing of water, and thought I could detect a sound like the incoming of a tiny jet or stream. At first I could see nothing, but as soon as I became used to the dim light I could distinguish the faint outlines of the boy sitting on the broken floor, with his feet stretched out against a cask.

"Jack, are you there?"

"Yes. Help me! For mercy's sake, help me! Bring men and bring a lantern. The ship has sprung a leak!"

I waited to hear no more, but hurried on deck at once and soon returned with a lantern and three men. Three of the timbers were worm eaten to the very heart, and one of the outer planks had been broken and would have burst in any moment the boy might leave it—the boy whose feet were braced against the plank before him.

I saw the plank must burst the moment the strain was removed from it, so I made the men brace themselves against it before I lifted him up. Other men were called down, with planks, etc., and after much difficulty we finally succeeded in stopping the leak and averting the danger.

Jack Withers was carried to the cabin in my own arms, and there he managed to tell his story.

He had sat with his feet braced for four and twenty hours with the water spurting all over him and drenching him to the skin. His limbs were racked with pain, but he would not give up.

I nursed him with my own hands, nursed him all through his delirium—and when his reason returned and he could sit up and talk I humbly asked his pardon for all the wrong I had done him. He threw his arms around my neck and told me if I would be good to him he would never give cause of offense. He added as he sat up again: "I am not a coward. I could not be a dog."

During nine years I have sailed in three different ships with the same crew. Not a man could be hired to leave me save for an officer's berth. And Jack Withers remained with me 13 years.—London News.

A CHICAGO JUNKSHOP.

This One Would Seem to Be Almost a Universal Provider.

Two manufacturers sat in a Chicago hotel recently, and as they enjoyed their postprandial cigars and stretched their legs exchanged ideas on business, touched upon general topics and finally drifted into a discussion of the city itself.

Said A.: "A man has a right to be proud of Chicago. It's the coming center of American life. We have everything here—great manufactories, fine parks, immense interests of all kinds."

"True," said B., "and there is an additional source of pride among us that the vast majority overlook."

"And that is"—

"Our junkshops."

A received this information with so derisive a laugh that B. turned in his leather chair and said: "Friend A., I was only half in earnest when I spoke, but I mean it just the same, and to prove my words I will tell you what I will do. I'll wager $25 that you cannot come with me now to a junkshop I know of in this city and ask for any three things that a man might reasonably want and not be at once supplied from the stock on hand."

"Done," said A promptly, and they at once got into their overcoats and started out on the quest.

At a little dilapidated store on Clark street B. paused, with his hand on the latch. "All ready?" he asked tentatively.

"All ready," returned A. "I have been cudgeling my brains on the way down here, and I count that money won."

Behind a counter heaped with knickknacks of almost every description stood a little weazen faced man in a blue waistcoat and roundabout, who smiled cheerfully on the men as they entered and remarked brightly upon the coolness of the weather. "And what is it to be tonight, gentlemen?" he inquired with professional brevity.

"I am in search of a rose noble of the time of Henry VIII," said A. "Have you any in stock?"

"Ah, how fortunate! Only one. But here it is, and I don't believe you could have found another in town."

"Thanks," said A.; "but I am not through yet. Just give me a nose ring of a Zambezi warrior. I need one to complete my Indian cabinet."

"With pleasure, sir. Anthropology is my specialty. Would you like a triangle or the ordinary ring?"

"The regular thing will do me"—this rather curtly—"but I have to trouble you once more."

A. drew himself up for the final effort, shot a side glance at smiling B., and said slowly, "Be good enough to show me a second hand altar cloth."

B. trembled for his $25 and turned in alarm to the junk dealer. The little man was somewhere under the counter searching among the debris that filled the room.

"With lace upon it or plain velvet or plush? Here is a beauty with lilies of the valley in silk, and here is a French cloth worked with golden flower-de-luce. Have you any preference?"

"None whatever," returned A. dryly. "Here is your money, but you may keep the goods. I have reward enough in confirming a former suspicion that my friend is an authority on pawnshops."—Chicago Tribune.

CUSTOMS IN BELGIUM.

Oddities In Home Life and Dress That Startled an English Woman.

Breakfast in Belgium proceeds in courses, with a change of plates at each service, but not a change of knives and forks. These implements must be used through successive courses, however dissimilar, resting between whiles on glass or silver holders, placed beside each cover. The holders, alas, I often forgot to employ, sending my knife and fork out on my plate, to the maid's confusion and my own dismay. An English woman, long resident in Brussels, invited me to dinner with the cheering assurance: "We are English, not Belgian, in our ways. We change the knives and forks." Meats and the fruits to which we are accustomed are dear in Belgium, but Yankee products grace many tables. "I don't know what we should do without your beef extracts for sauces and your California tinned fruits," observed my hostess at a charming breakfast. "Feel at home," said another lady pleasantly. "Here is some manse pea." As her pronunciation and the dish itself—a so called mince pie—resembled nothing familiar to my ear or vision I was baffled for the moment as to the nature of her kind intentions.

If I visited a weaving school at 8 in the morning, when all the men were yet in that startling home undress which prevails in some households before the formal dejeuner, the wife of the weaving master would press me, "Prenez quelque chose, je vous en prie, mademoiselle." I called early one day on a secretary at Charleroi, with whom I had business, hearing that he was about to leave town. He was out on the street. "But he can't have gone far," protested his son, "for he hasn't dressed himself yet." Which alarming statement proved too true, as I soon discovered when an apparition appeared on the threshold, unwashed, uncombed, with overcoat and neckhandkerchief by no means concealing the unmistakable loose nightrobe beneath. So suggestive was the spectacle that, declining the unembarrassed entreaties of monsieur's spouse, "Pray take something, mademoiselle," I dispatched my inquiries and fled.—Clare de Graffenried in Harper's Magazine.

He Got Out.

It is related of the late General Pleasonton that one night while he was in a Washington saloon a man entered and began to attack the character and courage of the Confederate soldiers. Pleasanton gave a start of surprise as he recognized the man and asked if he remembered him. The stranger said he did not, whereupon the general said: "I am Alfred Pleasonton. I had you drummed out of my camp for cowardice before Antietam. Get out of this place, sir!" The man hung his head and hurried out.

When Schumann was in love, he wrote, "I wish I were a smile, that I might play about your cheeks."

A DRUGGIST'S YARN.

"I am still a young man, though my hair is almost white," he said when he at last consented to relate a few of his experiences for The Post. "But the drug business is in many ways a trying one. I often wake in the night dreaming that I have poisoned some unfortunate by mistake. When I first began to compound prescriptions, I was very nervous about the components, and would look at a bottle several times before using its contents, and when finished would go all over them to make sure that I was correct. Upon one occasion I became so anxious that, having carefully prepared a prescription and given it to a lady, I hastened after her and took away the bottle under the pretext that it was the wrong one, and throwing it out of the window I made up the medicine all over again. Well, well, that was over long ago. I believe it would have killed me if I had made a mistake. But I never did. So I gradually became more confident, and now my own nerves, as well as dangerous drugs, are under my control.

"Yes. A man in my calling does hold a good many secrets in his keeping. I fancy that has helped to age me. The problem of one's own individual existence is a sufficient tax on the mentality without plunging into the great maelstrom of human life."

"Do you ever feel your collection of other people's skeletons to be a dangerous as well as a heavy burden?"

"No," he answered, "I never think of that except perhaps in my dreams. No doubt there are a number of irreproachable ladies and gentlemen who will sigh with relief when they see my name in the death column. Nevertheless this is a civilized country and man is a creature of habit.

"I began life as a physician," he continued, "but I had neither capital nor influence, and so came to grief. I then took a situation as a drug clerk, in which capacity I managed to save enough after a few years to take a small store on the outskirts of the city and set up for myself. It was at this period of my life that the experiences I am about to relate occurred.

"The neighborhood where I found myself was semifashionable, and I did fairly well. The first scene in one of the most interesting real life dramas I have ever witnessed took place on a lovely June evening.

"A beautiful boy, apparently about 18 or 19 years of age, entered my shop and asked me to sell him a very small quantity of an extremely insidious poison.

"'I want it to mix up with some other stuff to kill insects,' he explained, with a sweet smile. 'I'll take out a patent some day and make my fortune. I'm no end of a chemist.'

"He wanted so little of the drug that I could see no harm in giving it to him. While I was wrapping the tiny parcel I looked curiously at my customer, for it is seldom you see so beautiful a youth. There was something odd about his expression. When he smiled, his shapely lips parted over rows of pearly teeth, but though the lines about his mouth were sweet, the effect was not altogether pleasant, because his eyes widened suddenly and shot out a tigerish gleam, half mocking, half cruel, that was as extraordinary as it was transitory. But the peculiarity that struck me most forcibly was the small, well poised head and the delicacy of the profile of the tiny, shell-like ear, as he stood outlined against the red sunset light that flowed through my western window. I also observed a mole that set off the whiteness of his throat about half way to his low collar.

"Well, it was a number of days before I could get that pretty boy out of my head. On the third morning I read in the papers an account of the sudden death (probably of heart failure) of a prominent gentleman who had recently taken up his residence in the city. The reporter who wrote up the tragedy told pathetically about the grief of the young widow, who had been devoted to her husband, despite the fact that he was a good many years her senior.

"It was quite by accident that I went to the inquest. A friend of mine, happening in, asked me to accompany him, and for want of better employment I went.

"The afternoon was waning when the beautiful young widow took the stand to testify. A murmur of sympathy and admiration greeted her as she made her answers in a low, sweet voice. As she spoke the ghost of forgotten music seemed to fill the room. I was strangely reminded of—I could not tell just what. The coroner spoke a few words of condolence and regret that he should be forced to question her. As he did so a faint suggestion of a smile flitted across her lips, and at the same time her eyes widened and a gleam shot forth, as though the blinds that guarded those windows of her soul had been for a moment raised, disclosing the inward fire. The expression was gone in a breath, but my heart was beating rapidly, for the illusive memory had come over me more strongly than before. 'Who was this woman, and of what did she remind me?' I asked myself. My question was almost miraculously answered, for just then the sun, which had been behind clouds all day, made up his mind to show his countenance for a space before retiring, and, suddenly emerging, lit the sky gloriously, throwing his beams full upon the western window, against which the black robed figure of the young widow stood outlined.

"This association of ideas was sufficient. Whether without it I should ever have recognized her I cannot say, but I saw it all then. The delicate profile, which was turned toward me, the well poised head and pretty, tiny ear, even the mole became visible as she raised her chin in replying rather haughtily to some inquiry.

"Afterward I made private investigations among my business confreres and succeeded in finding two who remembered being visited by a beautiful boy on a certain lovely night in June. From each he had purchased an infinitesimal quantity of a particularly insidious drug used to kill insects—and other things."

"Did no one else suspect her?"

"If they did, they never made their suspicions public," he replied. "If half of the crimes committed in this desperate old world came to light, the criminologists would be forced to the conclusion that only the good people are abnormal."—Washington Post.

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[illegible]

NORTHWARD.

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[illegible]

SOUTH BOUND. No. 3. Daily.

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New York for Wilmington.

PAWNEE,	Saturday, June 19
CROATAN,	Saturday, June 26

Wilmington for New York.

PAWNEE,	Saturday, June 26
CROATAN,	Saturday, July 3

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

PAWNEE,	Tuesday, June 22
CROATAN,	Tuesday, June 29

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

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D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C. [illegible]

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.55 a m, Goldsboro 11.50 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 5.40 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.15 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.40 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.43 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.40 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.00 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 2.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.35 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leave Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.18 a m, Weldon 11.33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 1.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2.40 p m; returning leave Parmele 9.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arrives Washington 11.00 a m and 7.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4.05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily, except Sunday, 7.10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10.25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.10 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 11.30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9.42 a m, Rowland 10.00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.18 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7.48 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.06 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m. arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.55 a m, arrive Darlington 9.28 a m, Cheraw 10.40 a m, Wadesboro 2.25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9.35 p m, Bennettsville 9.36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10.10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6.30 a m, arrive Darlington 7.15 a m, leave Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5.15 p m, Darlington 6.29 p m, arrive Florence 7.00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.06 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.43 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.40 a m, Creston 5.32 a m, arrive Denmark 6.23 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4.55 p m. Creston 5.47 p m, Sumter 6.40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 18 tf

W., N. & N. Railway

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
†8	†6		†7	†5
A M	P M		P M	P M
	2 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	6 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv "	10 42	10 55
11 55	4 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 55	8 45
1 30	5 2[illegible]	Ar...Newbern...Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 5 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager.
my 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.		STATIONS.	GOING WEST.	
3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.			4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
	3 30	Goldsboro	11 25	
	4 19	Kinston	10 23	
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	
6 37	6 48	Morehead City	8 01	
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

mn 27 tf

BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

jan 22

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1897

TOBACCO TRUST TRIAL.

The Prosecution Closed Its Testimony—Mr. Fuller's Argument for the Defence.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 24.—President Duke, of the American Tobacco Company, was the only one of the officers of that organization present in the Court of General Sessions this morning when the trial of the company's officers on the charge of conspiracy was resumed.

Solomon Rosenbaum, who up to March last was a salesman in the employ of the American Tobacco Company, was the first witness called by the prosecution today. Rosenbaum said that in addition to his work as salesman he reported to the officers of the company as to the manner in which the holders of consignment agreements conducted business. It was his duty to deliver goods to the jobbers who purchased supplies under the consignment agreement.

Witness reported Morris Hirsch, of Brooklyn, for selling cigarettes manufactured by the National Tobacco Company. Hirsch, who had dealt with the American Tobacco Company, told witness that he had become an agent of the National company.

The witness said that he was present at a meeting of about one hundred members of the tobacco trade, held in 1893, at which a vote was taken on a proposition to continue the consignment agreement. Witness was not allowed to say whether the result was in favor of or against the continuance of the plan. Witness expressed the opinion that there was not one jobber or dealer in the district covered by him who did not handle paper cigarettes made by other manufacturers than the American company.

Edward B. Sperry, who was employed as stenographer by Secretary Josiah Brown, of the American company, next took the stand. He said he had been subpoenaed to produce the minute books of the meetings of the Board of Directors of the American company during the years 1892 and 1893; but he had not produced the books because he had no control over them. He did not remember what directors were present at the meeting when the consignment was agreed upon. He finally remembered that Louis Ginter, a director, was present.

After a recess, Mr. Sperry was allowed to take the stand to correct a statement he had made during the morning examination.

"I did not mean to say that I had seen the minutes of the meeting at which the consignment agreement was adopted; I should have said that I saw the resolution in which the agreement was embodied."

Solomon Rosenbaum was re-called and questioned by the prosecution. He reaffirmed the statement made by him that jobbers who had been discriminated against by the American company could procure the goods of that company at inside prices and that the company's action in discriminating against them was practically of no effect.

This closed the testimony for the prosecution and Mr. Fuller then began the opening address for the defence.

Mr. Fuller's argument was based on the statement, solely, that the consignment agreement was not a violation of the law. He said that competent legal talent had so decided before it was put in operation. He claimed that it was the outcome of complaints from the jobbing trade, who wanted some protection from ruinous competition. After the rebate system had been tried and found wanting, the consignment agreement was put on the market. The fact that Messrs. Hauptmann, Hyer, Dressler and Whalen, witnesses for the defence, had protested, claiming that they were debarred from it, Mr. Fuller thought, was sufficient proof that it was a good thing for the jobber. He dwelt with stress on the fact that the National Cigarette and Tobacco Company had guaranteed against loss jobbers who had consented to break the agreement and handle Admiral cigarettes. Mr. O'cott objected to Mr. Fuller's "summing up in his opening address," and the Judge sustained the objection. Mr. Fuller read the consignment agreement to the jury and announced that the case, as far as the defence was concerned, would stand or fall by it.

Mr. Fuller said that the introduction by the District Attorney, as a witness, of State Senator Lexow, chairman of the trust investigating committee of the Legislature, by means of which the testimony given by President Duke, Secretary Brown and other officers of the American Tobacco Company before that committee was brought out, made it unnecessary for the defence to produce any of these officers as witnesses. They would stand by the testimony given before the investigating committee.

When Mr. Fuller closed his address Court adjourned until to-morrow morning.

DISCOVERY OF GOLD

May Lead to an International Boundary Dispute Between the United States and Great Britain.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DULUTH, MINN., June 24.—Gold has been discovered on Oak Point island, in Rainey Lake, which will undoubtedly lead to an international boundary dispute between Great Britain and the United States. According to maps of the geological survey the island is in Canadian territory, but according to the wording of the treaty of Ghent the island is a part of the State of Minnesota. Canada has issued patents to several valuable mining locations on the island, and vigorous protests are being sent to Washington by American prospectors.

The miners throughout the Rainey Lake district are considerably wrought up over the matter, and there is probability of trouble unless something is done. The way things now stand, the United States loses entire control even of her waters in Rainey Lake, as according to the geological survey the United States cannot get a boat into Rainey Lake without first going into Canadian waters. This is a direct violation of the treaty. The Three Hundred Island's boundary dispute is of minor importance compared to this.

ELLYSON FOR GOVERNOR.

Result of Democratic Primaries at Richmond, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, June 24.—The result of the Democratic primary election in this city to-day was as follows: For Ellyson, 2,769; for Tyler, 1,789; for Lee, 26. This means delegates to the Democratic State Convention in the following proportions: For Ellyson for Governor, 47 6 10; for Tyler, 30 4 10. Whole number of delegates to which Richmond is entitled, 78. The vote was smaller than was expected.

LYNCHBURG, VA., June 24.—Lynchburg Democrats elected in mass meeting to-night seventeen delegates to the State Convention at Roanoke. The delegates were instructed to vote for Tyler for Governor as long as his name is before the convention. The delegation is divided on the Attorney Generalship, with Montague in the lead. No instructions were given as to this position.

THE TARIFF DEBATE.

STUBBORN CONTEST OVER DUTIES ON WOOLLEN GOODS.

Many Amendments to Reduce Rates Rejected by the Republicans—Senator Hoar Proposes an Amendment to the Rules to Prevent Lobbying by Ex-Senators—Death of Representative Cooke of Illinois Announced in Both Houses of Congress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—A stubborn contest over the duties on manufactured woollen goods occupied the attention of the Senate throughout to-day. It was a day of constant roll calls and of cross fire debate on the effect of the duties in advancing rates. Many amendments were proposed to reduce the rates, but these were rejected by decisive majorities. Less than five pages were disposed of during the day, carrying the Senate through paragraph 370, the first of the paragraphs relating to carpets. During the day Senator Caffery, of Louisiana, spoke at length against the protective system and severely arraigned those Democratic Senators who had voted for duties on wool and other raw materials.

Resolutions of deep regret were passed on the death of Representative Cooke, of Illinois, and a committee of five Senators was named as a funeral escort.

On the opening of the Senate there was a mild passage between Senator Platt, of New York, and Senator Allen, of Nebraska. The former desired to place in the *Record* a petition from the Manufacturers' Association of Brooklyn for the speedy passage of the Tariff bill.

Senator Allen objected to having petitions go into the *Record* unless from a State Legislature or the Executive department.

Senator Platt thereupon accomplished his purpose by reading the petition as a part of his remarks.

Senator Hale, of Maine, then came forward with a surprise in the form of a proposed amendment to the Senate rules admitting to the privileges of the floor of the Senate only ex Senators "who are not interested in any claim, or in the prosecution of the same, or directly in any bill pending before Congress." Added to the text of the proposed change is the following: "The purpose of the proposed amendment is to prevent ex-Senators from enjoying the privileges of the floor of the Senate for the purpose of urging or opposing claims or bills in which they are employed as attorneys."

Senator Hawley suggested that there might be some objection to any pointing out of ex-Senators, and Senator Allen asked what had taken place in recent days to call attention to the subject.

Senator Hale asked that he be not requested to particularize.

Senator Allen declared that there had been no more lobbying of late than there had been for years. At one time he had introduced a bill making it a crime to come on the Capitol grounds with a view to lobbying on pending measures. It was at a time when the Pooling bill and other measures were bringing lobbyists from all parts of the country. Why not make it a crime, covering all lobbyists, he asked.

Senator Hale explained that he was not seeking any such drastic measure. He desired only to call the attention of the Senate to the desirability of being relieved from lobbying on the floor. He regarded the importunities of lobbyists of little avail to the interests they represented, and he regarded it as unfortunate that ex-Senators should be seen on the floor carrying their papers relating to pending questions.

Senator Allen again asserted that lobbyists crowded the corridors and galleries "like crows in trees."

The proposed amendment finally went over, Senator Hale stating that he would ask to-morrow that the amendment be referred to the Committee on Rules.

The consideration of the wool schedule of the Tariff bill was then resumed, and Senator Vest, of Missouri, asked Senator Allison to indicate what was to be the programme for the future handling of the bill.

Senator Allison replied that it was the purpose to complete the wool schedule, then the silk schedule, then tobacco. When that was done, the bill would have been gone over once, with some excepted paragraphs, such as lead, hides, etc. The purpose then was to begin with the chemical schedule and consider in order, such paragraphs as had been passed over.

Senator Caffery of Louisiana was then recognized for a speech on the general subject of the course of legislation, particularly on the tariff, to restrict individual effort and to build up giant industries. He reviewed the economic views of our statesmen, to show the gradual extension of the protective tariff far beyond the expectations of Hamilton, Jackson, Madison and Clay.

Referring to the recent course of several Democratic Senators Senator Caffery said: "Sir, we hear Senators on this floor belonging to the Democratic party stating four propositions:

"First, that the doctrine of free raw material is not Democratic; second, that if one article is dutied all ought to be; third, that if protection is going the rounds, Democrats might as well get the benefits of it by asking to be protected in home industries; fourth, that there is no principle involved in a tariff bill, but it is a mere question of schedules."

Senator Caffery examined each of these propositions, pointed out what he regarded as their fallacies, and said: "Precedent and principle alike refute these propositions. Veteran Democrats who were born and will die with true Democratic faith in their minds and hearts, repudiate them. They look upon them as an effort to crucify their creed. And like the Christian who embraces the image of his crucified Saviour as the last hour of mortality approaches, so will they embrace and cling to, with a love and faith which no sophistry can destroy and no temptation betray, the ancient doctrine of tariff for revenue only, as the nearest approach to that free trade hoped for by the Democratic party. Is it possible that we denounce plunder only to join the plunderers?"

The Senator declared that tariff for revenue only is a tenet of Democracy as deeply grounded as the decalogue.

Concerning sugar, Senator Caffery said that under the breakfast table cry raised by the Republican party in 1890, sugar, though a favorable article for Democratic revenue, was denied a tariff. The Republicans now want a revenue to "stave off silver and advance beets and not to protect sugar in Louisiana."

The debate then proceeded on paragraph 364, relating to cloths, knit fabrics, etc., Senator Jones, of Kansas, having offered an amendment limiting the provisions to goods "of which wool is the chief component material. The amendment was rejected, 23 to 29.

Senator Jones renewed the motion in another form, the purpose being to restrict the duties to goods made of actual wool and not of inferior materials, cotton, etc. It led to extended controversy between Senator Allison and Senator Jones, as to how the amounts of wool and cotton respectively in a fabric could be ascertained. Finally the amendment was rejected, 23 to 28.

Paragraph 364, relating to woollen cloth, was then agreed to as reported, omitting "skirted" in designating unwashed wool.

On paragraph 365, blankets and flannels, formal changes were made in accordance with the previous notice of Senator Allison.

Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, gave notice of an amendment placing a tax of 10 per cent. on articles manufactured by a trust.

In paragraph 366, women's and children's dress goods, cotton warp, the rates were changed to 6¼ cents per square yard on goods valued at not more than 15 cents a yard, and 7¼ cents on those valued above 15 cents a yard, and 50 per cent. ad valorem.

In paragraph 367, women's and children's dress goods, wholly or in part wool, the rate was increased from 9 to 10½ cents per yard, and 50 per cent. ad valorem.

In paragraph 368, ready-made clothing, shawls, etc., the House provision including "felts not woven," was restored. The rate of duty was changed from four and a half to four times the duty on unwashed wool and the ad valorem duty was changed from 60 to 65 per cent.

In paragraph 369, webbings, gorings, suspenders, fringes, etc., the specific duty was changed to 50 cents per pound and the ad valorem to 55 per cent.

In paragraph 370 relating to aubusson, axminster, mcquette and chenille carpets, the specific rate was changed from 60 to 69½ cents per square yard, the ad valorem being left at 40 per cent.

The bill was then laid aside, paragraph 370 having been completed.

The death of Representative Cooke, of Illinois, being announced, the Senate, as a mark of respect, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

An air of gloom pervaded the House to-day, owing to the death of Mr. Cooke of Illinois, who died suddenly in his hotel this morning. He was very popular with his colleagues and his untimely death was a severe shock to them. The desk which he occupied on the extreme right of the hall was draped in mourning and covered with white roses and magnolia blossoms. The blind chaplain, in his invocation, referred feelingly to Mr. Cooke's death as a great public calamity.

After the reading of the journal the Speaker announced the reception of an invitation from the President of the Belgian Chamber of Deputies to the members of the House to attend the international parliamentary conference in favor of arbitration, which commences August 4th.

Mr. Foss, of Illinois, on behalf of the delegation, then announced the sad news of the death of his colleague, Mr. Cooke. He gave notice that at some future time he would ask the House to pay tribute to the character and public services of Mr. Cooke. The customary resolutions were adopted and a committee to attend the funeral was appointed. Then, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the House adjourned until Monday.

KANSAS HAIL STORM.

The Worst Ever Known—Many Persons Injured at Topeka—Great Damage to Property.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TOPEKA, KAS., June 24.—The worst hail storm known in the history of Kansas struck this city shortly after six o'clock to-night. Hail stones weighing twelve to sixteen ounces stripped the trees of their foliage, smashed window panes on every hand, including the finest plate glass store fronts, cut down telegraph and telephone wires, riddled awnings and inflicted unprecedented damage throughout the city. Dogs were struck in the streets and instantly killed. Horses were knocked to their knees. Runaways occurred throughout the city. When the fury of the storm had passed dead birds were found everywhere. A heavy wind and terrific lightning accompanied the storm.

Topeka to night looks like a city that has withstood a siege of war guns. There are not a dozen buildings in the town that are not almost windowless, and many roofs were caved in. The roofs of street cars also were pierced. The damage wrought can be imagined when it is known that the hailstones ranged in size from that of a hen's egg to an ostrich egg, and that thirty minutes after the storm, one hailstone was picked up which measured fourteen inches in circumference. Surgeons are busy dressing the wounds of persons injured in the storm, and reports of injuries continue to be received.

The damage cannot be estimated, but it will amount to thousands. Window glass is already at a premium here, and to-night three car loads were ordered from Kansas City. Street car traffic is stopped and electric lights are out, owing to the demoralization of the electric system.

KEY WEST EXCITED.

Two Unsuccessful Attempts to Lynch a Negro Rapist—Serious Trouble Feared.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, June 24.—A special to the *Citizen* from Key West says: Two unsuccessful attempts were made to day to lynch the negro rapist Sylvester Johnson, who assaulted Mrs. Atwell yesterday. The negroes of the city are up holding the accused. During the preliminary examination C. B. Pendleton arose in the court and asked the audience if there were not enough whites present to take the negro and hang him. Great excitement ensued and loud cries of "yes" were heard from all parts of the room, but nothing was done and the negro was safely removed to the jail.

Later a mob of negroes attempted to kill Pendleton, but the authorities interfered and protected him. Intense excitement prevails and the Island City Guard will sleep at their armory to-night, although they have not been ordered into service. Threats to raid the armory have been made and serious trouble is feared.

TROUBLE IN MISSISSIPPI.

Call for Militia to Prevent the Lynching of a Negro Murderer at Crystal Springs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSON, MISS., June 24.—This afternoon a telegram for Lieutenant Governor Jones was received from the sheriff of Copiah county, asking that a military company be sent to Crystal Springs to prevent the mobbing of a negro murderer. In the absence of Governor McLaurin, who is in New York, the message was repeated to Mr. Jones at Woodville, and up to a late hour to-night it was impossible to get communication with him. The difficulty was at once communicated to the Copiah county sheriff, who was thrown on his own resources to protect his charge. At 11 o'clock an unsuccessful attempt was made to lynch the negro, and later advices from the seat of trouble state that the people seem still determined to carry out their purposes.

The following fourth class postmasters were appointed yesterday: North Carolina: Marion, G. W. Crawford; Qaltesa, F. J. Ryan.

Captain David D. Jones, master of the British bark Cambrian Queen, died suddenly yesterday at Savannah. First mate Hugh Lewis has been appointed master by the vessel's owners.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

CLOSING EVENTS OF THE REUNION AT NASHVILLE.

Ten Thousand Ex-Confederates in the Parade—A Hundred Thousand Spectators—Sons of Confederate Veterans and Daughters of the Confederacy in the Procession—Exercises at the Auditorium—Speakers from Every State.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, TENN., June 24.—The parade of the United Confederate Veterans to-day, the closing event of the reunion, in which more than 10 000 veterans took part, was the largest in the history of the organization and one of the greatest ever seen in this city. The streets were densely crowded, the stars and stripes and the Confederate flag were conspicuous in the long line that reached from the public square to the Tennessee Centennial Exposition gates. One hundred thousand people had collected to see the parade. Nothing in the history of Nashville has equalled the outpouring; never was there such a procession. On the faces of lookers-on and of some of the bent figures stepping briskly and proudly, could be seen the suggestion that never again would there be such another parade. The line started promptly, police on horseback clearing the way, and from start to finish the best of order prevailed. All vehicles kept off the streets included in the line of march and the street cars stopped running. The parade was cheerfully accorded the full right of way. From the starting point, the Custom House, through the centre of the city, around the public square, out Broad street to Vanderbilt University, where the parade broke ranks, a dense mass of enthusiastic cheering people greeted the old soldiers, their generals, and the beautiful women who took part. The citizens of Nashville were both welcoming and speeding their departing guests and they did it with whole souled cordiality, inspiring to witness.

Gen. W. H. Jackson, of Nashville, chief marshal, headed the procession, his staff consisting of distinguished men. Commander-in-Chief John B. Gordon and staff came next, with the Savannah Hussars as an escort. Gen. Vaughn, the new Major General of the Tennessee division, followed. Then came the State divisions, each divided by sponsors, maids of honor and invited guests, beautifully attired in Summer costumes. South Carolina, Mississippi, Florida, Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Virginia, Illinois, North Carolina, Texas, Oklahoma, West Virginia, Arkansas, Missouri, Kentucky, Maryland, Indian Territory, New York, District of Columbia, all had veterans in line.

The Sons of Confederate Veterans also marched and were commanded by Robert J. Smythe, of Charleston, the newly-elected commander.

The Daughters of the Confederacy were present in large numbers and rode in carriages.

Gen. W. B. Bate, Gen. Joseph Wheeler, and Gen. H. B. Buckner were in carriages at the head of the Tennessee division. Gen. A. P. Stewart, Gen. M. C. Butler, Miss Buckner and Mrs. W. B. Bate preceded them in a carriage. Judge Reagan and Gen. John B. Ford rode with the Texas division. Mrs. A. P. Stewart, Robert E Lee and John H. Hook aroused continued cheers.

Gen. Stephen D. Lee was easily recognized.

With their respective divisions, the commanding officers from each State rode by, and as they were recognized shouts went up, and as little bands marched along, bearing tattered flags inscribed with names of bloody battlefields, a mighty roar ascended. From the time the South Carolina troops, bearing palmetto branches, started to the music of "Dixie," all down the line until Tennessee's troops passed the stand where Gen. Gordon for one hour and a half saluted the passing posts, the air was rent with cheers, with drum beats, bugle blasts and music by bands. And, though at noon rain fell in torrents, veterans, sponsors, maids of honor, generals and privates stood at their posts and. when the storm had passed, resumed the line of march.

As was to be expected, the Tennessee division was the largest, but the adjoining States furnished thousands, and from the distant ones the attendance was heavy. After passing the reviewing stand the parade was dismissed, and the bright sunshine soon removed the traces of the rain storm.

Though the rain storm had bedraggled the flags and banners, enthusiasm was not dampened, and in a short time the streets were again thronged, and of the thousands the major portion were travelling to the auditorium to listen to the speeches and witness the closing exercises of the afternoon and evening. The afternoon was also a general holiday, and the line of march was handsomely decorated. The veterans were not all in uniform, though a large number in each division wore the uniforms of the days of battle.

Each State was represented in the exercises at the auditorium by delegates, their friends and a speakers elected for the occasion. The speeches were short but excellent, suited to the occasion and were received with rounds of applause. Captain J. B. O'Brien presided.

Among the speakers were men from every State, and so great was the enthusiasm of the vast audience which packed the auditorium that it was after six o'clock before the last speech was made and the last note of a Southern melody floated out, telling those who could not get in the building that the joyous and successful jubilee was ended.

To-night the same vast throng witnessed the fireworks prepared for the night and listened to the rendering of another "Southern programme" by Innes' band.

While old Confederate flags, regimental flags, tattered and torn, appeared in the decorations and in the parade, equally prominent at every turn was the stars and stripes, and in the parade the national standard was seen in every division.

It is the unanimous verdict of the veterans and their visiting friends that the reunion was the most successful ever held.

MAHER-SHARKEY

Matched to Fight to a Finish for a Bet of $5,000 a Side.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Peter Maher, the heavy-weight champion pugilist of Ireland, and Tom Sharkey, the "sailor lad," of San Francisco, who also hails from the Emerald isle, were matched today to fight to a finish. The terms of agreement are that the men shall fight to a finish before the club or individual offering the biggest inducement and for a bet of $5,000 a side. Both representatives of the fighters deposited $2 500 each to bind the match. Richard K. Fox was made temporary stakeholder, and on August 2nd another deposit of $2,500 from each will be paid down in this city, making the full amount of $5,000 a side. The final stake holder will be Al Smith. The referee is to be mutually agreed upon. The articles call for the bout to take place within three months after the second and final deposit is made on August 2nd.

PRACTISE ECONOMY in buying medicines as in other matters. It is economy to get Hood's Sarsaparilla because it contains more medical value than any other—100 doses one dollar.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills.

ACCIDENT ON THE SOUTHERN

Northbound Fast Mail Ran Into an Open Switch—No One Hurt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LYNCHBURG, VA., June 24.—An open switch on a short piece of side-track leading to a turn table came near causing a serious wreck on the Southern Railway here to-day. The northbound fast mail, which leaves Lynchburg at 8 40 p. m., ran into the open switch. The engineer applied air brakes and he and the fireman jumped. The engine ran across the turn table and crashed against the side of a rocky cliff beyond. The engine was considerably damaged and the express car broken. The passengers were considerably shaken up, but none injured. How the switch came to be open is not known. It is rarely used.

WARM WIRELETS

The Princess of Wales gave jubilee dinners to the poor of London yesterday. About 3,000 denizens of the slums were sumptuously entertained at the various centres.

The first trolley car of the new electric company, Charleston, S. C., was run yesterday in the presence of hundreds of spectators, Charleston never having an electric line before.

A dispatch to the London *Times* from Kobe, Japan, says that the Japanese newspapers accuse the United States of bad faith with regard to Hawaii, but that their tone is generally moderate.

Republican Senators decided in caucus last night to sustain the action of the Finance committee in placing a duty upon hides, but did not pass upon the question of the amount of the duty to be imposed.

Vice President Barr, of the Norfolk and Western railroad has issued a circular that the office of superintendent of transportation made vacant by the death of Colonel Frank Huger is abolished. J. F. Synder is appointed car service agent.

Congressman Edward Dean Cooke, was found dead in his room at the Cochran hotel, Washington, D. C., yesterday morning at 5 o'clock from a clot on the heart. Mr. Cooke retired about 11 o'clock last night, apparently in perfect health.

A Flying Wedge.

Almost any bright day in spring, if you watch the sky closely, you will see faint V shaped objects going northward, high up in air. If you live in the country, where everything is still, perhaps you can also hear a distant "quack, quack." For the V shaped object is a flock of wild geese or ducks flying to their summer homes. The point of the V is always led by an experienced old gander. Sometimes one or two of the flock become separated from the rest when they alight, as they often do, on a mill pond or a stream. Then they become bewildered and fly around over the ground, making a great outcry. This is always looked on as a sign of a storm.

Usually these flocks follow up some river, and occasionally they drop down into a pond or stream to rest and feed. Here is where the sportsman watches for them.—Chicago Record.

Utility.

"Your daughter has had a great many admirers?"

"Oh, yes! She puts nearly all her window curtains on the rods with her old engagement rings."—Chips.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

The Linens, Percales and Organdies expected have positively arrived. A large drive in Dimities; also Valenciennes, Edgings and Embroideries at J. J. Shepard's, 18 Market street. je 23 tf

Watermelons—Another car load of those fine delicious Watermelons for sale to morrow at the spur track on Dock street. A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. je 15 tf

For Sale—The Cottage on Carolina Beach known as the Castle, Six rooms. Cost over $1,000. Will be sold cheap. D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. je 11 tf

Watermelons—Received this a. m. car load Melons. Will be closed out at wholesale and retail foot of Dock street. W. J. Kirkham & Co. je 10 tf

Prices to suit the hard times. Fine Candies, Ice Cream and Fresh Fruits can be had at Andrew Mavronichols', 706 North Fourth street. Orders left Saturday for Ice Cream delivered Sunday. Bell 'Phone 348. my 30 tf

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, No 5 South Water street, solicits consignments of all kinds of produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Mutton a specialty. my 18 tf

Ladies drop me a Postal to 908 Princess street, I will come to your residence and see if your Sewing Machine needs any repairs. Furniture repaired also. 18 years experience. J. B. Farrar. my 11 3m

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. e21

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights a year. mar 29 tf

Now Is The Time.

The "Unlucky Corner"

The place to buy that best of

Lard.

R. M. Jones' Open Kettle Rendered

at a special price this week.

Household Ammonia

that every one wants and needs is on the list.

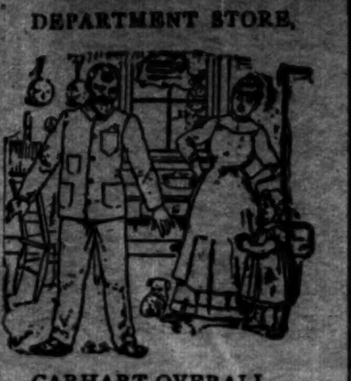
Telephone 109.

S. W. Sanders.

je 22 tf

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S

DEPARTMENT STORE.



CARHART OVERALL PANTS AND JACKETS.

The best fitting and wearing Overall made. Every pair guaranteed.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

Large variety of Skirts, Chemise, Drawers, Corset Covers, &c.

Infant's Caps 10 to 98 cents. Big bargains in every department.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Near Fourth St. Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up.

je 20 tf

Attention!

Sportsmen

AND Tourists!

—THE—

Seaboard Air Line

Reaches All the Famous

Hunting and

Fishing Grounds

—OF—

Virginia and the Carolinas.

Commencing June 1st.

Summer Tourist Tickets
On Sale at all Stations.
Stop Over Privileges
Allowed All Tourists.

Sportsmen's Bicycles Carried Free.

SOLID PULLMAN

VESTIBULED

LIMITED

—TRAINS—

Train Service Unequalled.

NO EXTRA FARES.

E. St. John,
V. P. and Gen'l Manager.

H. W. B. Glover, Traffic Manager.

T. J. Anderson, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

General Offices—PORTSMOUTH, VA.

je 1 tf

We call special attention to our pretty White Kid Opera Slippers, with Beaded Satin Bows for Ladies at $1, usually sold at $1.25. Many other kinds of Ladies, Misses, Children and Infants' Shoes on hand and arriving, as well as Gents' Low Shoes; that to be appreciated must all be seen. Remember we extend the invitation to everybody to look in our window, examine our stock and buy and wear our SHOES.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. je 6 tf

Lemons, Lemons.

25 Boxes Lemons.
350 Boxes Lump, Package and Celluloid Starch.
100,000 pounds Hoop Iron.
40,000 pounds Wheat Bran,
and other goods usually carried by a Wholesale Grocer. Anxious to sell Ask for prices.

D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer,
Wilmington, N. C.

je 19 tf

R. R. Stone & Co.,

WILMINGTON, N. C., HEADQUARTERS

for anything you want in the Grocery line. One car-load Water Ground Meal. One car-load of each Assorted Flour. 500 bales Timothy Hay. One car-load Corn. Send us your orders.

je 20 tf No. 7 SOUTH WATER ST.

Ladies' Bath Suits.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR,

ORGANDIES, WHITE GOODS, TRUNKS,

Gents' Furnishings and Notions.

MATTINGS!

One lot Brilliantine Bath Suits—sizes 32 to 38, beautiful black, trimmed with Braid, only $4.00.

One lot Brilliantine Bath Suits—sizes 34 to 38, trimmed with solid white Brilliantine bands, only $5.

One lot Brilliantine Bath Suits—Sizes 34 to 38, elegantly trimmed, best quality, only $6.00.

One lot Flannel Bath Suits Navy Blue—sizes 32 to 38, only $2.50.

One lot Flannel Bath Suits, Navy Blue—sizes 32 to 36, only $1.50 and $4.00.

Bathing Caps 15 and 25 cents.
Sub marine Caps 50 cents.

50 dozen Ladies' Vests, Low Neck and Sleeveless, Taped and Bleached, only 10 cents each.

Lisle Thread Vests, beautiful quality, only 25 cts.

Organdies—The greatest variety ever shown here at 25c yard.

An endless variety of WHITE GOODS—Piques, Ducks, Organdies, Mulls, Dimities, India Linens, Victoria Lawns, Irish Linens, Tarletons, Nets, &c.

Packing Trunks—36 and 40 inches.

A large line of Gentlemen's Negligee Shirts at 75c each.

Gentlemen's Gauze Underwear 25 and 50 cents.

Richard Hudnut's Toilet Requisites.

Smith and Angell's and Onyx Black Hosiery for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Ask to see our French Gored Corsets.

100 Rolls Mattings just received at 20 to 35 cts yard.

Phone No. 109.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

je 20 tf

Hustling, Pushing, Cutting Prices!

While the sun shines the farmer makes hay. Just so with us, when the days are warm we sell our Summer Goods. We have had an elegant Spring trade, but adding two large stocks in one makes us very much over-stocked. Our store is as full now as it should be in October. We will very much need the room, as we are now looking forward to the next season. Our Summer Goods we are going to sell, and if prices will talk, here they go:

1,000 yards on hand of Checked and Striped White Muslins at only 4c per yd.

1,500 yards of Colored Batiste at 4½c per yard.

Good many styles of dark and light Challies to closeat 4c per yard. Strictly all wool Challies, worth 15c, at 8½c.

Beautiful line of fine Silkolines in handsome styles, worth 12½ and 15c, at 10c.

Fine white Organdy at 9, 12½, 15, 20, 25 and 35c per yard.

Shirt Waist Silks—They were very cheap at 25c, now I will sell at 20c.

Drapery Silks worth 65c, bought of R. M. McIntire, now 40c.

Black Satin, slightly damaged, at 25c; better quality and nice goods, strictly all Silk, at 60c per yard, and on up to 85c, $1.00 and 1.25 per yard.

MATTING—Since the tariff has been put on Matting the prices are necessarily higher. But we still sell them very low. We have a beautiful Matting at 12½, 15, 20c and up to 30c per yard.

FLOOR OILCLOTH AND RUGS—Oil Cloth Art Squares, 1½ yards square patterns at 50c per pattern. Beautiful Oil Cloth Rugs, 2 yards long, for 60c each. Hall Oil Cloth, 8-4 and 10-4 wide, best and heaviest weights for 30c per square yard.

Track Carpet 27 inches wide, very heavy quality, worth 35c, now 23c.

Very fine line of Carpet Remnants to make Rugs of, 2 yards long, 36 inches wide, strictly all wool, at 50c each.

A big line of Smyrna Rugs from $1.00 to 3 50 each.

SHOES, SHOES—Don't go barefooted. Leather is cheaper than your feet. Men's heavy high cut Ties for $1.00 per pair. Gentlemen's Calf Skin high cut Tie for farmers at $1.65.

Men's Satin Calf, Congress and Lace Shoes, $1.00.

Our $1.25 Shoes are strictly all solid, made up nicely and warranted to give satisfaction, and we consider big value.

You will find us at 112 North Front St., opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,
Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

je 20 tf

The "Dangler Vapor Oil Stove."

It Makes Cooking a "Midsummer Night Dream."

No Heat, Ashes, Dust, Smoke.

We Invite the Ladies Especially to Call and See Their Working.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

je 17 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

We want your business, and will Make it to Your Interest to Deal with us.
Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.
NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice President. W. C. COKER Jr., 2nd Vice President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

	May 14th, '96.	May 14th, '97
Deposits	$515,000	$599,500
Surplus and Net Profits	58,900	69,500
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. je 13 tf

Depositors In

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Will please call at the office of the Company and have interest entered on pass-book for quarter ending June 1st. The Savings Bank has paid its depositors in interest within the past year $9,269.20.

Did you get any of that money? If not, why not?

Paid In Capital $25,000. Surplus $7,500.

je 13 tf

Hardware, Tinware,

EARTHENWARE,

STOVES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose,

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. mar 24 tf

J. L. HILL

PRINTING COMPANY'S

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owners and Publishers,
Richmond, Va.

my 21 tf

NEW CROP

Molasses.

Our Own Importation From

WEST INDIES.

QUALITY EXCELLENT.

Price Low.

WORTH & WORTH.

my 22 tf